

DAILY DEMOCRAT FORUM

(Successor to the Maryville Republican)

VOLUME 2.

MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, MONDAY, JULY 31, 1911.

NO. 49.

WHAT FORD SAYS

GIVES REASONS FOR THE STAND HE TAKES IN THE MATTER.

BOND ISSUE SHOULD CARRY

Ford Has Been a Member of the City Council Eight Years and is Well Acquainted With Problem.

Mr. Voter It is Up to You.

Editor Democrat-Forum: As there are so many arguments produced for and against the water bond issue, and I have been accused of being unfair and prejudiced for the stand I have taken in the matter, I feel it a privilege, and in fact almost a defense, to give a few of my reasons as briefly as I can, for the stand I have taken in the matter. The water proposition as it stands in Maryville today is a serious problem, one that every person is interested in, and from the humble washerwoman who exists by her daily labor to the bloated London bondholder that clips American coupons for his existence. In making this comparison I am only speaking of the two extremes, and now don't jump at the conclusion that I am against capital and corporations. I believe any company or corporation should receive a fair compensation for their labor and investment in any business, but I don't believe any company or corporation should demand an exorbitant price for any commodity the people are compelled to have, as I think facts and figures will show in this case.

In discussing this problem I am not going into the details of the old franchise and contract that has existed. The prices, service and improvements, as compared with our present prices, service and improvements, is too well known to either need discussion or explanation. What we need at the present time is more water and better water at a price that is fair to the producer and consumer. We are now paying 33 1-3 cents per thousand, with a 50-cent minimum, and the city is paying for 66 hydrants at \$45 each per year, a total of \$2,970, which, at 33 1-3 cents per thousand would pay for 8,910,000 gallons of water per year, an average of 171,346 gallons per week, or 24,478 gallons per day. Think of it! A great many of these hydrants haven't had a fire hose on them in twenty-six years. Some are surrounded by weeds a coon could climb. It is true it is worth the money for fire protection, and it is also true the city is paying nearer \$2.50 per thousand than 33 1-3 cents for these hydrants, and the taxpayers are paying it. Is it reasonable and right? Now let's be fair and figure a little. In so doing all one can do is to figure from the statement of the water commission's report and the manager's statement as to the amount of water consumed annually and the expense of conducting the plant annually. Now, at the above prices wouldn't it be fair to estimate that the water company is receiving an average of 25 cents per thousand for their water? We are using 250,000 gallons of water daily. On this estimate their receipts would be \$62.50 per day, a total of \$23,812.50 per year. The manager claims the total running expense is \$10,000 per year. Of course there are a good many sundries in this expense account that I don't care to discuss at this time. Looks a little high, Beal, but we will let it go at that for the present. Now add to this expense 5 per cent on one hundred thousand bonds, \$5,000; add \$5,000 for sinking fund to pay your bonded indebtedness in twenty years; also add 2 per cent, \$2,000, for repairs, and you have a total of \$22,000 taken from the total receipts as based on these figures, and you have a balance of \$1,812.50 to the city's credit. Now, on this estimate the water, figured at an average of 25 cents per thousand, may be figured a little higher. It may be a little low, and, on the other hand, look at the saving on the annual running expenses. I am also figuring \$5,000 annual interest. This fund would decrease each year, and after the expiration of ten years should be a revenue, because you would have more money in your sinking fund than you would owe on your bonds. The water company is demanding a raise of 50 per cent on their present prices, for a twenty-year franchise and contract.

Now under municipal ownership, suppose the city would advance the present prices 50 per cent. Do you have a shadow of a doubt that the plant would not pay for itself in less than twenty years? Is there a person in Maryville that would rather pay

this exorbitant price to London bondholders than pay it to the city, and in twenty years or less own the water works, and after it is paid, we would be entitled to a cheap rate, besides a revenue for the city? And let me say right here that the time is coming when the city will probably need that revenue.

Now, Mr. Voter, it is up to you. If the bonds fail to carry the city is in a worse condition than it is today, for you have demonstrated the fact that you can't buy or build a water system. You are absolutely at the mercy of the water company. You can vote them a franchise at 50 cents per thousand and 75 cents minimum, or you can drink their sewer cocktails at the present price if they see fit to furnish them.

If the bonds should carry there is no assurance that any part of them will ever be issued, but by your vote you are removing the handcuffs from your mayor and council and placing them in position to protect the city's interests, either as to a reasonable franchise, which would be submitted to the voters, or a reasonable purchase price on the present company's mains, or, as a last resort, a new plant, and in either event give us good well water.

Now as to the management in case of municipal ownership. I would favor the election of three water commissioners to take the management entirely away from the city council. Give these commissioners absolute control. Keep it clean out of politics and factions. I would hate to think that we haven't three men in Maryville that are as honest and capable of governing a water system as other towns where municipal ownership is a success.

I want to deal fair in this matter with the water company and city. It is no personal matter with me. If the time I have spent in the past eight years with the water problem was figured at bricklayer's wages it would pay for my water my natural life.

J. A. FORD.

HUMBOLDT KEEPS UP WINNING FORM

Mink League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Falls City	39	24	.619
Shenandoah	36	28	.562
Auburn	32	32	.500
Clarinda	31	33	.484
Humboldt	30	33	.476
Nebraska City	23	41	.359

Humboldt, Neb., July 31.—Humboldt made it three straight from Nebraska City by winning a close game Saturday. Score:

R.H.E.
Humboldt.....00003001—4 9 6
Nebraska City.....00000300—3 5 3
Batteries—Oswalt and Sommers; Williford and Herman. Umpire—Meyers.

Clarinda, Ia., July 31.—Falls City stopped Clarinda's winning streak Saturday in a close game. Score:

R.H.E.
Clarinda.....00020000—2 4 2
Falls City.....10010002—4 7 1
Batteries—Walters and Harmony; Finch and Vanderhill. Umpire—Kissane.

Auburn, Neb., July 31.—Shenandoah took both games of a double-header Saturday afternoon, outhitting the local team. Score, first game:

R.H.E.
Auburn.....00000010—1 4 5
Shenandoah.....02110202—8 10 3
Batteries—Hirsch and Musser; Duran and Castle.

Second game:
R.H.E.
Auburn.....00000200—3 8 3
Shenandoah.....30200311—10 14 2
Batteries—Killoway and Musser; Corcoran and Castle. Umpire—Kratzberg.

FURNITURE WILL BE PLACED IN BUILDING

During the summer recess of the Normal, furniture and supplies for the society halls, training school and other departments will be ordered and placed in the building.

Back from St. Paul.

F. W. Crow returned Saturday evening from St. Paul, where he has been attending the national photographers' convention.

Sister Aloysia, Sister Alfred, Sister Agnes, Sister Philmoney and Sister Bertha came to Maryville from Clyde on business Saturday morning, returning at noon.

News of Society and Womens' Clubs

Spent Sunday at Craig Farm.

Miss Mona Hoshor was the originator of a picnic party that spent the day Sunday on Anderson Craig's farm, northeast of Maryville, where a picnic dinner and supper were partaken. The party was chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Frazee, and included Misses Mona Hoshor, Mary and Grace O'Brien, Clara and Edith Davenport, Lela Caudle, Hazel Vandervort, Messrs. Wilson Nicholas, Paul Basford, Willie O'Brien, Welby Nicholas, Warner Wood and Dale VanFossan of Bolckow, Don Aldrich and Ervil Stafford.

Visited Krug Park.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Roseberry and daughter, Esther, and Mr. and Mrs. Arch Frank and daughter, Eva Margaret, went to Rosendale Sunday morning in Mr. Roseberry's car, where they were joined by several other automobile parties on a trip to St. Joseph, and enjoyed an elaborate luncheon in Krug park that the Rosendale people brought with them. Those in the Rosendale party were Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Hopkins and family and their guests, Mrs. Hopkins' brother, Mr. Denny, and his family of Lincoln, Neb.; Dr. Hoshor and family, Mr. Wells and family, Mr. Wright and family, and Frank Barnes and family. Mrs. Barnes is a cousin of Mrs. Roseberry and Mr. Frank, and as Miss Fannie Dunn of Bolckow was a frequent visitor to Maryville.

For Sister's Birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Yeomans and Mrs. N. F. Humber entertained at a luncheon Sunday at their home, 307 East Edward street, to honor the birthday anniversary of their sister, Mrs. S. G. Seelman of this city, and for another sister, Mrs. G. W. Bowmer of St. Joseph, who is visiting them. Those present besides the host and hostess and the honor guests were S. G. Seelman and sons, Harold, Merle and Nile, and daughter, Mary Elizabeth; Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Estes and sons, Raymond and Lee Edward, and Mrs. S. J. Yeomans.

The Woodmen Picnicked.

A party of choppers from Magnolia camp of the Woodmen of the World set out on hayracks Sunday morning for the wilds of the 102 river, for the purpose of procuring stumps for their forest. They were equipped with axes and crosscut saws, and carried a dinner prepared especially for the occasion. Mark Turner was said to have been the star actor at the crosscut saw, W. B. Frost and Frank Murray led the hosts at the dinner table. Those in the party were Frank Martin, Roy Martin, Frank Murray, Guy Ray, Trepus Littler, George Bramble, Lloyd Blatchey, Mark Turner, John Staahl, W. B. Frost, Paul Leffler, Frank Wallace, Charles Kiser and Harlen Burnam.

For Pastor and His Wife.

The membership of the First Christian church will give a reception the coming Friday evening to the new pastor and his wife, Rev. and Mrs. Claude J. Miller, in the church parlors.

Moonlight Lawn Party.

A moonlight lawn party was given Thursday evening at Hill Crest Farm, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will James. Games were played and a one-course luncheon was served. Those present were: Mrs. David Mitchell, Mrs. Eva Reaksecker, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sharp, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Patton, Mr. and Mrs. William Dawson, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Walkup, Misses Lois McCoy of Colorado, Berge Farris of Clarksdale, Mo.; Mae Doran, Neva A. Reaksecker, Helen Masters, Amy Wampler, Hope Wampler, Ora Shell, Beulah Renshaw, Nellie Rockwell, Mildred Pabner, Effie Dawson, Goldie B. Busby, Flo Masters, Marguerite Greensan, Miss Sheridan, Dora Peter, Messrs. Theodore Palmer, Charlie Rockwell, Ernest Dawson, Arthur Walkup, Jesse Walkup, Warren Reaksecker, Harry Mitchell, Henry Strauch, Carrol Hogan, Ray Masters, Carl Keever, Clay Keever, Dan Miller, Ora Keever, Paul Hogan, James Stevenson, Leslie Reaksecker, Forrest Masters, Noble Reaksecker, Floyd Dawson, Virgil Dawson, Glen Wampler, Clyde Wampler and Ralph Wampler.

Guests from St. Joseph.

Misses Lucile and Virginia Sheridan and Miss Marie Cooney of St. Joseph will arrive in Maryville Monday night to be the guests of Miss Laura Keeler and Miss Ora Barmann. The young

ladies were all students together at Sacred Heart convent in St. Joseph the past year, also Miss Martha Koch. The Misses Sheridan will be guests of Miss Keeler and Miss Cooney of Miss Barmann. Tuesday morning Miss Keeler, assisted by her sister, Miss Josephine Keeler, will give a party for the St. Joseph visitors, and Tuesday afternoon Miss Barmann will entertain for them.

Sunday Dinner Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Montgomery entertained at dinner Sunday Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Pierpoint and children of Skidmore and Mrs. Ed Bilby of Quitman. Mrs. Bilby, Mrs. Pierpoint and Mrs. Montgomery are sisters. The guests all returned home Sunday evening excepting the children, who remained to visit until Tuesday at the Montgomery home and with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Pierpoint, when Dr. Pierpoint will come for them in his car and Mrs. Montgomery will go to Skidmore with them for a visit.

Week-End House Party.

Mrs. John W. Herren entertained with a week-end house party Saturday night and Sunday for her sister, Mrs. Lewis Jones of Enid, Okla. The guests were her mother, Mrs. Margaret Tool, and sisters, Mrs. J. L. Jones, and Mrs. George Lorraine of this city, and Mrs. Lewis Jones.

Dinner Guests at Tarkio.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Montgomery and daughter, Miss Ruth, and Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Montgomery went to Tarkio Sunday and were guests for several hours of the families of James and William Hurst, leaving for Maryville after luncheon Sunday evening.

DR. FRAGA OF CHILE SPOKE AT THE NORMAL

The attendants at the chapel exercises of the Normal Monday morning were given a treat in the person of Dr. Fraga of Santiago, Chile, South America. Dr. Fraga is on his way from Santiago to Antwerp, Belgium, to attend the international convention of the speakers of Esperanto, the international language. He stopped off for a day in Maryville to visit his friend Mr. Charles Wells, the Normal librarian, whom he knew in South America when Mr. Wells was in the United States consular service there.

Dr. Fraga is an excellent pianist and played two selections for the chapel attendants this morning. One of them, the national hymn of his own country, Chile, the other the hymn of the Esperantists. He then made an address in Spanish, which was translated by Mr. Wells, who also translated Dr. Taylor's reply to Dr. Fraga. Dr. Fraga can speak some English, but he did not feel conversant enough with it to try to make his address in English.

DR. F. M. MARTIN AND FAMILY ON VACATION

Dr. F. M. Martin and Mrs. Martin and daughter, Miss Mabel Martin, expect to leave Wednesday for Estes Park, Col., Colorado Springs and other Colorado points, for a two weeks' trip. On their return trip they will stop at Beaver City, Neb., to visit a brother of Dr. Martin, J. D. Martin, who is a farmer there, and at Lomax, Neb., to visit his sister, Mrs. J. H. Richardson.

Dr. and Mrs. Martin's other daughter, Miss Alice Martin, in charge of the kindergarten department of the State Normal, left Monday morning for her vacation trip to Missoula, Mont., where she will spend a month.

LEFT PROPERTY TO THE LODGE AT HOPKINS

The will of Harrison Meyers, who died in Maryville at St. Francis hospital last Friday, was filed in probate court Monday. All real and personal property is left to the Xenia lodge, No. 50, at Hopkins, and S. E. Browne is named as executor. The will was written March 23, 1910, and was witnessed by L. C. Goodwin and Ira Cook.

Miss Esther Ferguson, a State Normal student, spent Sunday in Elmo with her brother, Dr. R. E. Ferguson, and family.

Mrs. George Liston and son Mylo were Sunday guests at the home of Mr. Liston's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mike Liston of East Cooper street.

TO HAVE DEBATE ON MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

On the evening of next Thursday, August 3, at 7:30 o'clock, the Normal Debating club will settle once and for all the question of municipal ownership. The question, "Resolved, that municipal ownership is the best solution of the public utilities question," will be fought out by Taylor Foster, R. E. Hughes and Jesse Wright for the affirmative and S. C. Richeson, W. H. Burr, F. E. Roach on the negative.

Dr. Taylor will speak on the "Psychology of Public Speech."

Prof. A. E. Wickizer will address the members on the topic "The Motion."

The meetings of the society are held in the chapel of the Normal building, and an invitation is extended to the public to be present.

The announcements in regard to applications for next winter's training school pupils will be made in a few days.

No Increase in Taxes Necessary

As we go about from place to place the question we have asked most frequently is: If we vote the bonds to build or buy the water plant how much is it going to increase taxes? We have therefore endeavored to get into the very heart of this question as it would seem the votes for the bonds would be almost unanimous if it does not involve an increase or any considerable increase in the taxes. We are very happy to be able to say to the voters of Maryville that it is our opinion that no increase at all in the taxes will be necessary and we desire to give you as briefly as possible how we arrive at this conclusion and believe practically all of you will agree with us.

First of all get clearly in your mind the fact that the law requires that provisions shall be made for the payment of the interest on the bonds each year and such an additional sum as will pay the bonds at the end of twenty years. Then that the interest the bonds bear have to do with the amount which the law requires shall be provided for.

As to this interest rate there is some difference of opinion, some believing that a four per cent rate could be obtained, others a four and one-half per cent and some as high as five per cent. As to this we find some recent bonds of the character of our proposed bonds have sold at as low as four per cent and that we should be able to dispose of the bonds at from four to four and one-half per cent interest. For the purposes of our estimate we have taken the highest rate of four and one-half per cent. We find that to pay interest at four and one-half per cent and retire the \$100,000 principal by the end of twenty years requires the sum of \$7,650 a year—really a few dollars less than that. Probably most any of our high school children can prove these figures and will find they are substantially correct.

Now get clearly in your minds that if one hundred thousand dollars of bonds are issued at least \$7,650, each year must be provided to pay interest and reduce principal. Here stick a pin. Now let's go into the receipts and expenses of the water plant under the rates we now have—mind you the rates we will have if the bonds are defeated and the Water Company given the franchise they are insisting upon. The years 1909 and 1910 are the only full years the present rates have existed, and we are therefore confined to those two years so far as receipts are concerned. We find that the receipts for the year 1909, eliminating from both sides of the ledger the small items involved in the purchase and sale of merchandise, were \$15,267.79. We further find that for the expenses of that year \$8,245.75 was paid out for what is called operating expenses, and \$489.83 was expended in petty construction, making a total of \$8,735.58.

Now mark you the above amount (continues on page two)

THE RIVER IS O. K.

SO SAYS ROY CROSS AFTER MAKING AN EXAMINATION.

IS SAFE FOR DRINKING

Bacterial Count is Rather High, But Probably Due to Not Sending Jug Packed in Ice, Mr. Cross Says.

A sample of the 102 river water was recently sent to Kansas City to the testing laboratory for a test as to whether the water was perfectly safe for drinking purposes. The water was sent after the rain of a week ago.

In a letter from Roy Cross of the Kansas City Testing laboratory, who was the same Roy Cross that made tests for the state in the Heg Rasse murder trial, to Manager G. B. Roseberry, he says the water is perfectly safe for drinking purposes.

The water was sent in a jug which was delivered to the Adams Express company by City Physician A. T. Fisher.

The letter from Mr. Cross to Manager Roseberry follows:

We herewith report the results of our examination of the sample of water submitted by you July 27, 1911. Our laboratory number Q169. Sample marked city water.

Examination—Total number of bacteria per cubic centimeter of water, 1,200; total number of coli germs per cubic centimeter of water, none; nitrates in parts per million parts of water, 6.000; Chlorides in parts per million parts of water, 3.0.

Remarks—It is our opinion that this water is perfectly safe for drinking purposes, based upon the fact that coli germs are absent and that the nitrates and chlorides indicate that there is no contamination. The total bacterial count is, however, rather high, but we believe that this high value is due to the multiplication of the bacteria in the jug between the time that the sample was taken and the time that it was delivered at the laboratory, as the jug was not packed in ice. If you desire more accurate bacterial count we suggest that you send us another sample of the water in a three-ounce sterilized bottle and packed in ice. You can obtain a sterilized bottle from a physician, or we will send one to you. We will make no additional charge for the additional test.

Respectfully submitted,
ROY CROSS,
Kansas City Testing Laboratory.

Ex-Judge H. H. McClurg of near Pickering was a city visitor Monday. He says that the corn crops are in good shape and that the county will have a good crop this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Gee Harbison of the Casteel ridge were shopping in the city Saturday.

Mrs. Ella Edwards of St. Joseph, who has been visiting Mrs. Martin Calt, returned home Monday morning.

Sheriff Tilson left Monday for Clermont, Burlington Junction and Elmo for the purpose of distributing ballots for the capitol election to be held tomorrow.

The Weather

Generally fair today and Tuesday

Eye Warnings

Come in aches, pains and burning sensations. Most everybody has these symptoms sooner or later—few people heed them soon enough. If you have cause to rub your eyes when reading at night, or when sewing, it is ample time to get the best of glasses. The right glasses will give immediate relief. We are able to fit you perfectly in the quickest possible time.

Crane's

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

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**Largest Circulation in
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An Address to the Voter.

The following appeal to voters has been issued by the Missouri State Capitol Rebuilding association:

Mr. Voter: The question of whether or not Missouri shall rebuild its capitol is up to you. Next Tuesday, August 1st, it is for you to say whether the best state in the Union shall have an adequate and commodious fire-proof capitol building, or continue to be the one state in the Union without a home for its offices or a safe depository for its invaluable records; whether this imperial commonwealth shall go forward in the march of progress, or sound a retreat; whether we shall signal for the engineer on the train of public enterprise to "pull 'er wide open" for a record run under a full head of steam, or whistle for "down brakes" on the advancing car of civilization; whether we shall send a glad message of duty faithfully done to the sisterhood of states, or hang our harp upon the willow of procrastination and ask the world to listen while we pipe a tale of woe.

The citizen of Missouri who does not vote "yes" next Tuesday is without excuse. The amount asked for is conservative—a wise compromise between those who want to spend more and those who think a suitable capitol could be built for less—common ground upon which all can get together; the tax rate is low, only 2 cents on the \$100 assessed valuation, in reality about one-half cent on each \$100 of your actual wealth; the construction of the capitol is hedged about with specific law that renders graft impossible and puts the expending of a single dollar more than the amount voted out of the question; the necessity for a new capitol is self-evident, to argue the question is to insult your intelligence; you will never have another opportunity to support so reasonable and economical a proposition—the next call is for \$5,000,000, and remember, it only requires a majority of one vote to carry it, while it takes two-thirds of those voting to carry the \$2,500,000 issue next Tuesday.

In view of these things, we appeal to you, Mr. Voter, to make it your business to go to the polls and do your duty by Missouri; we appeal to your state pride and love for your country; we appeal to your patriotism and loyalty to your state; we appeal to your sense of justice and regard for the political dignity and prestige of Missouri; we appeal to you in behalf of conservatism and economy; we appeal to you in the name of enterprise and progress, and we appeal to you in the name of senators, congressmen, governors, state and coun-

Stop Frowning

Frowns are a pretty sure indication of weak eyes or defective vision—also that a good pair of glasses are needed; they will improve your looks as well as your eyesight.

Wear Proper Glasses

Glasses to fit your needs must fit your features as well as your eyes. We can do both to your entire satisfaction.

YOU WILL LOOK WELL
AND SEE WELL
IF YOU HAVE THEM
FITTED AT

Raines Brothers
JEWELERS & OPTICIANS

100 West Third Street.

ty officers, prominent citizens, civil and commercial organizations, political parties, and the united voice of the press, to go to the polls next Tuesday and work and vote to rebuild the state capitol now.

It's a glorious opportunity you have to serve your state, Mr. Voter; what will you do with it?

It's up to you.

No Increase In Taxes Necessary

(Continued from page 1.)

includes the salaries and wages of all persons locally connected with the plant, the fuel and all other expenses, as well as \$1,115.73 paid out to account of renewals and repairs, and \$489.83 for petty construction, a total of \$1,605.56 expended in keeping up and extending the plant.

Had Maryville owned the plant the above represents what would have been her receipts from the plant and cost of operating same and keeping it in repair, on the basis the plant is now being operated under private ownership and old worn out machinery, etc., and what is the result in figures. Receipts, \$15,207.79; expenses, etc., \$8,735.58, leaving \$6,472.21 net earnings, an amount lacking only \$1,177.79 of enough to pay the \$7,650 required for interest and principal each year.

Now again, we have investigated and ascertained somewhat as to whether or not Maryville might reasonably expect to effect a saving of any portion of the expenses included in the above figures, and it is our firm opinion that with the city owning the plant there can be a very considerable saving in what is termed office expenses. We find that what we would term the office salaries of the water company as now operated is \$2,280. It is also estimated that under the present economical running of the city's affairs the city clerk probably gets \$400 a year, and \$50 a year is paid for his office rent. This \$450, added to the water company's \$2,280, makes a total of \$2,730, but, you say, what have these two items to do with each other. Simply this: Our investigation reveals that in many towns the size of Maryville, where the city owns the water plant, the duties of the supervision of the water plant, the collection of water rentals and the duties of the city clerk are combined, and to every practical purpose.

Shenandoah and Clarinda are samples of this, and we find that for the services which Maryville would need if she owned the water plant, now representing an annual expense to Maryville and the water company of \$2,730, Shenandoah now pays about \$1,200 and Clarinda about \$1,500. We feel perfectly safe in assuming that Maryville could get this work done, and capably done, for not over \$1,500 a year, which would affect another saving of \$1,230 a year, which, added to the \$6,472.21 earnings, as before stated, would make \$7,702.21, or \$52.21 more than the required \$7,650.

Now for the year 1910 we find the receipts were \$15,154.69. The amount paid out for operating expenses, including \$800.12 for renewals and repairs, was \$9,622, and for petty construction \$388.30, a total of \$10,910.30, which, if Maryville had owned the plant, would have left her a net balance of \$5,144.39. Add to this the \$1,230 we have figured can be saved in office expenses and we have \$6,374.39. You will no doubt wonder why the water company's operating expenses should have been \$9,622 in 1910 and \$8,245.75 in 1909, a difference of \$1,376.25. The fuel item explains it. In 1909 the company paid out \$2,879.98 for fuel, and in 1910 it paid out \$4,181.17 for fuel, an increase of \$1,301.19. Mr. Roseberry, in explanation of this increase, says that it is largely due to the strikes in the coal mines during the year 1910, causing him to have to buy some very high priced coal from unusual sources, and he does not strenuously argue for an average of more than about \$3,000 a year for fuel in a run of years. This would seem to be a liberal estimate, as is attested by the amount the water company has paid out in the past three years as follows: In 1906, \$2,185.65; in 1907, \$2,224.20; in 1908, \$2,417.48; in 1909, \$2,879.98; in 1910, \$4,181.17; total, \$13,888.48 for five years, or an average of \$2,777.70 each year.

The receipts of 1909, \$15,207.79, and of 1910, \$15,154.69, aggregate \$30,362.48, or an average of \$15,181.24 per year. The operating expenses and petty construction, leaving out the fuel items, were: 1909, \$5,855.60, and 1910, \$5,440.83, or a total of \$11,296.43, an average of \$5,648.22 a year. Add to this an average fuel cost of \$3,000 and you have an average running expense of \$8,648.22, and deduct from this the saving in office expenses of \$1,230 and you have an average annual expense of \$7,418.22. This amount, taken from the average receipts of \$15,181.24, leaves an average net earning of \$7,763.01, sufficient to pay the interest and retire the bonds as the law pro-

vides.

But hold. One says that if Maryville builds a new plant with modern, up-to-date new machinery, it will naturally not cost as much to operate as the present old plant with its worn out machinery and other crippled features, and that the net earnings would therefore be larger and that the same would be true if we buy the old plant and improve it by installing new machinery, developing a more economical water supply, etc.

No thinking person will undertake to dispute the above reasoning, but so much the better for Maryville, and it clearly demonstrates that the chances are in favor of the net earnings of the plant being considerably more rather than less than we have estimated, but we want it to turn out, and believe it will.

Now to sum up what this means for Maryville in the next twenty years as against giving the company a franchise. First, at the end of twenty years Maryville will have her water plant paid for—a plant worth its cost, less a depreciation usually figured at about 1½ per cent per annum, or \$1,500 on a hundred thousand dollar plant, which, in twenty years, would amount to \$30,000, leaving a then value of say \$70,000. Next, she will save the additional \$3,000 each year which the increased rates of the company's proposed franchise requires, a total in twenty years of \$60,000. Result, a water plant worth at least \$70,000 and a saving of at least \$60,000 in water rates, making a total of \$130,000 she and her people will be to the good, as against the proposed franchise.

We submit that this is worth while. We have given you the reasons from the financial side of the question—why The Democrat-Forum favors the bonds—and we shall be more than pleased to have any one ask any questions they desire concerning these figures and the statements in connection therewith, or if we have made any mistakes therein to point them out to us.

After the end of the twenty years then what? Either lower water rates, lower taxes or a much larger revenue to care for and improve our streets and effect other improvements, for then, mind you, we would still have the earnings of the water plant coming along from year to year with the \$7,650 for interest and principal discontinued.

Another thing which should be kept in mind is that voting bonds to buy a revenue producing plant is a far different proposition than voting bonds to build city halls, etc., which have no earning features.

There is some question about whether or not the law does not require a levy to be made to provide for the annual interest and sinking fund rather than to take the earnings of the plant. If such is the case and a levy is compulsory the matter can be legally and simply handled by the council making the levy for water works and discontinuing the general levy and taking the earnings of the plant for the general revenue.

The present levy for general revenue is four mills, and it might require a levy of four and a half mills for this necessary interest and sinking fund, so that with the general levy discontinued there would be an increase of one-half mill, which means five cents each year on the hundred dollars value, but we submit that this is so very insignificant compared with the results achieved that we believe we are safe in saying that hardly a person will oppose the issue on that account.

His Sister Very Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dempsey left Monday morning for Sedalia, where they were called by the serious illness of Mr. Dempsey's sister, Mrs. Robert Robinson.

A nice little rain fell in Maryville Monday morning. A good rain fell at Bedison today and in other parts of the county, while at Burlington Junction and Elmo no rain fell.

Come to the boys' ball game Wednesday. Lots of fun. Root for your boys. Help a good cause.

Master Charles Bellows, Jr., went to Bedison Saturday to spend the day with his uncle, Mr. Jesse Douglas.

A marriage license was issued Monday by Recorder Wray to John A. Porch and Esta Poff of Parnell. They were married by Judge J. W. Morris Monday afternoon.

FOR RENT—5-room house on South Vine, with half acre of ground. Owen Murrin. 31-2

LOST—Small leather satchel containing grain tester, between Burlington Junction and Maryville, July 30th. Owner's name on satchel. Return to Robey's garage and receive reward. Jas. F. Cook. 31-2

Come to the boys' ball game Wednesday. Lots of fun. Root for your boys. Help a good cause.

Communication

The Capitol Bond Proposition.

As I think it very important that this should carry, I will offer a few reasons for it.

The people do not seem to understand the provision for using two hundred thousand dollars for purchasing land. For the benefit of those who do not know the situation I will try to explain it. The old building stands on the bank of the Missouri river with only enough land between the building and the bank for a driveway. Between the river and the driveway there is a perpendicular stone wall about thirty feet high. At the foot of this wall is the track of the Missouri Pacific railroad. When the trains are passing or switching the noise is terrific and sounds, to one in the building, like it might be in the basement. When the windows are open the smoke comes up through them. For these reasons it was thought best to locate the new building further back. The fine new supreme court building is situated on top of the second bank or hill south of the capitol grounds. Between this building and the capitol grounds there is a block of ground owned by individuals and occupied by brick dwellings. The legislature secured an option on this block with the idea of building farther up the hill and away from confusion and smoke of the railroad. This would connect the state property and make room for a beautiful park surrounding the buildings. I am sure any one who will look the situation over carefully will agree that this is a wise thing to do.

The actual cost to the state would be one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, as it would save seventy-five thousand dollars appropriated to repair the old building for the state offices during the construction of the building. If the bond proposition carries the brick buildings on the block will be used for this purpose and the old building will not be repaired.

If the proposition fails to carry the question of locating the capitol will be opened up and there is no telling where the controversy will end, which would be very unfortunate for the state. Mr. Torrey, of Fruitville, is sending out letters to those portions of the state which have state institutions urging them to defeat the proposition for the reason that the bond issue should be large enough to give each of these institutions a liberal appropriation. In my opinion this is, only a subterfuge, his real object being to open up the question of location, which he hopes to accomplish by appealing to the selfishness of the people. He offered to donate a section of land to the legislature to remove the capitol to Fruitville. If you never heard of Fruitville get out your map.

The objection to Jefferson City on the ground of inaccessibility has been largely overcome by the building of an electric road across the river, thus connecting the two railroads on that side with the city.

Vote for this proposition because the other state property which must go with the capitol is at Jefferson City and would be a total loss if the location is changed. Vote for it because three million dollars is sufficient to erect a building good enough for any state. Any amount in excess of this will be used for ornamentation or show. Vote for it because the provisions of the bill carefully guard against graft or the use of one dollar more than the appropriation. Vote for it because it would be very unfortunate for the state to get into an interminable controversy over location.

Vote for it because the building should not be delayed, valuable state documents are in jeopardy every day it is delayed.

ANDERSON CRAIG.

Come to the boys' ball game Wednesday. Lots of fun. Root for your boys. Help a good cause.

Spent Sunday in Maryville.

Forrest Hanna, who is doing work as special accountant for the Department of Commerce and Labor at Washington, returned to St. Joseph Monday morning, having spent Sunday in Maryville with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Hanna.

Took Nephew Home.

Miss Amy Clark went to Chillicothe Monday to accompany home her nephew, Master Bertram Clark, who has been visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Clark, of the Ream hotel, while his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Clark of the New Leeper hotel at Chillicothe, went on a trip through the west.

Miss Missie Farnan of Clyde was the guest of Mrs. T. W. Costello Sunday.

Indians Monday and Tuesday nights, Matinee Tuesday 3 p. m. Fern theater.

NOW
\$1.50
For a Season Ticket
to the Chautauqua
After this week they
will be \$2.00.

The best way to enjoy a Chautauqua is to buy a season ticket and come and go as you please. It will cost as much to hear Gore, Hanley and The Hinshaw Co. single admission, as a season ticket costs now. Then there are a number of other things you would not think of missing. Buy a season ticket and buy it soon. Season tickets transferable in the family. If you want a tent better order it now. The tents engaged are going fast. Don't forget--\$1.50 this week, \$2.00 next week.

Maryville
Chautauqua
Aug. 12 to 20, 1911

Attended Store Opening.

Charles Lippman of St. Louis returned to his home Sunday night. He came to attend the opening of the Field-Lippman piano house on West Third street Saturday.

Mrs. John M. Lytle and little daughter, Helen Emilie, left Saturday evening for Port Huron, Mich., to meet Mr. Lytle, and where they will make their home. Mrs. Lytle and daughter have been here several months visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary Owen, and aunt, Miss Emilie Tebow, of West Third street. Mr. Lytle was here several weeks early in the spring while nursing a broken arm. Their former home was Sarnia, Canada, in the province of Ontario. Since Mr. Lytle's return he has been promoted to a place as baggageman on the Grand Trunk railway, between Toronto and Port Huron. He sustained the injury of a broken arm while attending his work as brakeman on a freight train on the Grand Trunk line.

Chicago's Three Richest Women.

Names of the three richest women in Chicago were made public recently on the completion of the personal property tax lists. They are:

Mrs. Nettie F. McCormick, \$2,595,000; Mrs. Emmons Blaine, \$1,950,000; Virginia McCormick, \$1,350,000. This is the value of personal property only.

Mrs. Blaine, although listed as one of the city's most wealthy women, believes that wealth is unjustly distributed.

"It is my belief," she said, "that before many generations the race as a whole will revolt at the senseless inequality of the wealth holding power of individuals. It is a question, I think, whether too large a part of the wealth is held in private hands, and whether a sufficient proportion should not be held by the community to meet the needs of the community as a whole, so that the rightful needs of any individual need not depend solely on the will of some minority of individuals."

Miss Bessie Connor was the Sunday guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dickey, living seven miles east of Maryville.

Mrs. H. McKee of Monmouth, Ill., arrived Monday on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Lon Fordyce.

Was Mother of Mrs. Dr. Wells.

Mrs. Gates, the mother of Mrs. Dr. J. A. Wells of Ravenwood, died at her daughter's home Saturday night, after a few days' illness. The body will be taken to Wisconsin for burial. Mrs. Gates is survived by her daughter and five sons, who live in different states and were present at the funeral Monday.

To Conduct Funeral.

Rev. Lee Harrel went to Agency Monday to conduct the funeral services of a Mr. Barnes of Dearborn, who was killed a few days since in Kansas. Rev. Harrel was Mr. Barnes' pastor about twenty years ago.

Left for Chicago.

Mrs. Arletta Holt of Wichita, Kan., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Ellis Cook, left Monday for Chicago to visit before returning to her home. Mrs. Cook's brother, Okel Fuqua of Savannah, who has also been visiting her a few days, returned home Monday.

Accompanied Nurse Home.

Miss Rose Hales of St. Joseph, who has been nursing Mrs. James Murray, who was seriously injured a few weeks ago in a runaway near her home, south of Maryville, returned home Monday morning. Mrs. Murray is improving, but it will be some time before she will be able to be about the house. Miss Hales was accompanied home by Misses Laura and Mary Ruth Curfman, the little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Curfman, for a few days' visit.

Miss Edith Wells, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wells of South Vine street, returned Sunday from a week's visit with friends at New Point, Mo. Miss Mabel Wells also returned Sunday from a visit with the families of her brothers, William and Henry Wells, southwest of Maryville.

The Democratic outlook in state and nation is bright for victory if the politicians will only sit still in the boat. It would not be a bad idea to throw every fellow overboard who shows any disposition to "rock the boat." Hold the old Democratic ship of state level and everybody talk harmony—that's the system.

Indians Monday and Tuesday nights, Matinee Tuesday 3 p. m. Fern theater.

TODAYS MARKETS

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—26,000. Market weak. Estimate tomorrow, 2,000.
Hogs—38,000. Market 5c higher; top, \$7.50. Estimate tomorrow, 16,000.
Sheep—26,000. Market weak.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—15,000. Market weak.
Hogs—5,000. Market strong; top, \$7.05.

Sheep—7,000. Market weak.

ST. JOSEPH.

Cattle—2,100. Market weak.

Hogs—3,500. Market strong; top, \$7.05.

Sheep—200. Market weak.

Missouri College Grows.

Statistics recently compiled at the Missouri Agricultural college show that in the past five years the number of students attending its courses has increased 227 per cent. In the same period of time the university as a whole has increased its attendance by 40 per cent.

He who seeks an explanation of this remarkable growth in popularity of the Agricultural college will find it partly in the general awakening to the importance of agriculture as a fundamental vocation and partly in the effective work the college itself has done in the establishment of new agricultural standards.

Missouri Chief Josephine and her six noted stablemates, with records of from 600 to over 700 pounds of marketable butter annually, all of them bred at the college farm, have attracted widespread attention. On some of its outlying farms the experiment station has succeeded in increasing the yield of clover from one-half to two tons per acre by proper soil management, and in Southwest Missouri it has been shown that corn may be increased twenty bushels per acre and wheat twelve. The horticultural department has discovered methods of pruning peach trees so as to produce two additional crops in eight years. The veterinary department has sent out information and given direct help to hundreds of hog raisers throughout the state, as a result of which it has been estimated that the farmers of Missouri have saved \$500,000 in a single year. It will be remembered, too, that at the 1910 international live stock show the Missouri college had the highest scoring student stock judging team that has ever judged at Chicago in the eleven years that these contests have been held.

In ways similar to these the Missouri college has come to be regarded with favor by the farming and other business interests of the state, and young men who, eight or ten years ago, would have taken up the study of law, medicine or engineering, are now enrolling for work in agriculture.

Brought Baby to Doctor.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Monroe and baby daughter, Mary Elizabeth, of Hopkins came to Maryville Sunday. Mrs. Monroe and baby will remain in the city this week, while the baby receives treatment from an osteopathic physician.

Miss Cecil Benight of St. Joseph arrived in the city for a two weeks' visit as the guest of Miss Helen Ford and Miss Elise Jackson.

Decorative Plants

of all kinds. Choice cut gladioli, asters and roses. We deliver all orders, carefully packed.

ENGELMANN GREENHOUSES.
1201 South Main Street.
Hanamo 171-3, Bell 196.

Coal! Coal!

On deck again at the old stand, corner 5th and Main.

And I am ready to book your order for coal of any kind, from a wagon load to car load and want to figure with you for your winter's coal. Get my prices before you buy.

Peter Mergen

ADMIRAL VON TIRPITZ.

Marine Minister Who
Would Direct German
Navy in Event of War.

SAYS RECIPROCITY
IS NO INNOVATIONCanadian Premier Fires Opening
Gun in Campaign.

Ottawa, July 31.—The opening gun in the campaign which will determine the fate of the reciprocity pact between the United States and Canada was fired by the Liberal leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. It was in the form of an open address to the Canadian people, and in it is set forth the issues involved in the present campaign.

The question now at issue is not a new one, Sir Wilfrid states, reciprocal terms with the United States having been sought by both countries for over half a century. The Conservative party, he said, is seeking to reverse this life-long policy of its leaders of the past. The enactment of the agreement, the premier predicts, would further improve the friendly relations existing between Great Britain, Canada and the United States, and would be an important factor in bringing about a general treaty of arbitration.

WAR CLOUD HAS PASSED

German Bluff Called on Moroccan Question, Is Opinion of English.

London, July 31.—The Moroccan crisis is practically ended. At least this is the opinion of the English public, although the foreign office is careful to point out that the negotiations are not simple and may drag on for months. While greatly relieved at the situation, even seriously minded Britishers, in discussing the crisis, are invariably of the opinion that as war with Germany seems probable, it would be far better for England if it came now than later, when the German navy will have been strengthened, and also that England would better come to blows with Germany over Morocco or some question in which France is interested than on a question in which England and Germany alone are concerned.

In the former case England would be assured of the assistance of France, while in the latter France might, without dishonor, offer sympathy, but stand aside when it came to a fight with Germany, according to the English view, is making a bluff, which is being promptly called, and it is now preparing to withdraw.

Admiral Togo on Way to United States

London, July 31.—Admiral Count Togo was given a popular farewell at the railway station as he left for Liverpool to sail on the Lusitania for New York. In the great crowd gathered for a final glimpse of the naval hero was a large party of school boys and girls. The members of the Japanese embassy and representatives of the British admiralty were there in their official capacities. Admiral Togo will remain in the United States until October.

Forest Fires Still Stubborn.

San Bernardino, Cal., July 31.—Successfully resisting an augmented force of men the forest fire now burning in the San Bernardino mountains is proving itself most stubborn. Fifty additional men with fresh supplies and new tools were sent out, but despite this the flames are now eating their way into Cold Water canyon. The mountain resorts are still in danger.

Woman Faints at Film Drama.

Kansas City, July 31.—Seeing the parallel of her own domestic tragedy portrayed on a moving picture film, Mrs. Rebecca Miller fell in a faint in a 5-cent theater and for more than an hour was unconscious. She was taken to her home in Independence and is now dangerously ill from the shock. Mrs. Miller's husband deserted her several months ago.

PREPARING FOR
NEXT LAND RUSH

More Than 800,000 Acres Ready
for Entry in Dakotas.

CUT INTO 160 ACRE FARMS.

Government Tracts to Be Sold for 25 Cents to \$6 an Acre on Long Time. Judge Witten to Conduct Openings. Railroads Prepare for Crush.

St. Paul, July 31.—Extensive preparations are made by some big western railroad systems for handling the throngs of land seekers expected to be attracted northwest in the next two or three months by the opening of lands to settlement under the government homestead laws.

Two of these openings, including opportunities for homestead entry on over three-quarters of a million acres of land in North and South Dakota, are scheduled for the immediate future.

The first of these is that in which the Great Northern is especially interested, the opening for settlement of the Fort Berthold Indian reservation in North Dakota in accordance with a proclamation issued by President Taft. The registration will begin Aug. 14 at Minot, N. D.

In this case the land subject to homestead entry will approximate 342,000, and has been appraised at prices ranging from \$1.50 to \$6 an acre. The land in the reservation comprises some of the choicest in North Dakota, in the northwestern part of McLean county, just south of the Great Northern's transcontinental line. In addition to the usual homestead filing fees the homesteader will have to pay the appraised value of the tract which he picks out, from \$1.50 to \$6 per acre.

466,562 Acres on Northwestern.

Shortly afterward 466,562 acres of government farm lands are to be opened to settlement in the Pine Ridge and Rosebud Indian reservations, South Dakota. There are approximately 3,000 farms of 160 acres each. The Chicago and Northwestern railway is especially interested, as it has a direct line to the points of registration, Gregory, Dallas and Rapid City, and it is, therefore, making low rates for the occasion. The registration must be made between Oct. 2 and Oct. 21.

These lands have been classified and appraised by the government and a price of from 25 cents to \$6 an acre has been established, payment whereof is divided into annual installments covering a period of five years.

Any person desiring to make homestead entry on any of these lands must go in person to one of the registration points named by the government, there appearing between Oct. 2 and 21 to swear to and present application for registration.

Judge J. W. Witten, who has presided over government land openings for many years, will act as superintendent of the drawing. All applicants for registration must reach the registration points not later than midnight of Oct. 21 and the drawing will take place at Gregory on Oct. 24.

CRUISER NIOBE FLOATED

Vessel Was Impaled on Rocks Off Cape Sable For Five Hours.

Halifax, July 31.—The protected Cruiser Niobe, flagship of the Canadian navy, was saved after being impaled for five hours on the southwest ledges of Cape Sable. Her hull was pierced in several places, the starboard engine room swamped with water and other compartments flooded. No lives were lost.

The first to reach the side of the disabled cruiser was the United States revenue cutter, Androscoogin, which was cruising in the vicinity. The Niobe's wireless call for help was picked up by the Androscoogin, which promptly flashed back that she would stand by to help and would do all within her power. Through a dense fog and heavy sea, which is believed to have been the cause of the Niobe's accident, the Androscoogin rushed, and was standing by the Canadian cruiser when the Canadian government's tug, Lady Laurier and Stanley, which had been sent to the scene, arrived from St. John. The Niobe, however, found that she was able to take care of herself. Although water was pouring in to several compartments, her pumps kept her fairly clear, and Commander McDonald of the cruiser, expressing his thanks to the American cutter for her help, proceeded to a safe harbor, conveyed only by the tug.

INCENDIARY FIRE AT DUBUQUE

Two Hundred Thousand Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed.

Dubuque, Ia., July 31.—Fire of incendiary origin destroyed property valued at \$200,000, as follows: Spahn & Rose Lumber company, \$50,000; Winecke Hoerr Canning company, \$40,000; Kretschmer Manufacturing company, \$100,000.

Heat Wave Hits Germany.

Dusseldorf, Germany, July 31.—Intense suffering has been caused by the heat in this district. The deaths number nineteen from that cause. Fourteen persons have been drowned while bathing.

Boost Missouri.

To boost to the fullest extent the resources of Missouri is to be one of the leading activities of the state federation of Commercial clubs, which was organized in Hannibal a month ago. In doing this the federation will seek to impress upon the American public two things, first, that the older states should realize the boundless agricultural opportunities of Missouri and that, quality considered, Missouri farm lands are the cheapest in the Union today; secondly, that the manufacturing world should realize that nowhere else is there so fertile a field of conquest for new industrial enterprises.

William Hirth of Columbia, chairman of the new organization, has written a number of letters to secretaries of commercial organizations, representative railroad officials and others in an effort to secure co-operation in advertising Missouri to the world. He says he wants his organization to accomplish some real good for the state—not to content itself with semi-annual or annual banquets and social functions, at which the chief business will be framing resolutions to give to the newspapers. The organization, he says, is to be a live one.

Mr. Hirth believes that if Missouri's agricultural opportunities were impressed fully upon some of the residents of older land states it would result in the near future in the greatest influx of land buyers any state ever has known. The chief reason Missouri is not so well known, Mr. Hirth believes, is because the people of the state never have realized themselves the state's resources and natural richness and adaptability sufficiently to impress these facts upon others.

Missouri is the greatest poultry state in the Union, her poultry products amounting to \$50,000,000 annually, and yet Mr. Hirth says there isn't an incubator of any size made in the entire state. The Missouri farmer is forced to go to Iowa, Nebraska or Illinois for his poultry supplies. More than \$100,000,000 worth of surplus corn is raised in the state every year, and still Missouri farmers are forced to pay a toll of millions to the manufacturers of other states for their farming implements.

"From an industrial standpoint, the splendid inland towns of Missouri present even a sadder spectacle," Mr. Hirth says. "We have no smokestacks, no dinner bucket brigades as have towns of Illinois, Indiana and even young Oklahoma. This is true despite the fact that Missouri has thousands of acres of rich, undeveloped coal fields as well as water possibilities in the Ozarks and elsewhere sufficient to drive the engines of a half dozen states."

Mr. Hirth makes a strong appeal to the railroads to join forces with his organization. It is essential to this movement, Mr. Hirth says, that the railroads get solidly behind in a material and moral way and help it get firmly upon its feet.

"Anything which builds up Missouri builds up its railroads," is the way Mr. Hirth argues. "A higher agricultural development and more factories means more tonnage. Not only is it a chance for the railroads to help bring a new power for progress into existence in this great state, but the joining of hands all around for a greater Missouri means friendlier relations and a better mutual understanding between the railroads and the public."

Mrs. L. C. Gooden and niece, Miss Elma Martin of Parnell came over Friday night and visited with their cousins, W. W. Jones and family and Mrs. Ada H. Jones and family, and her uncle, Cooper Gooden, and family. They will return Tuesday.

S. E. Browne and Edward Gooden of Hopkins were transacting business in the city Monday.

H. A. Boedeker and daughter, Miss Anna, of near Ravenwood were in the city Monday.

Miss Fidela Jones, of St. Joseph, spent Sunday in the city.

Fine watch and jewelry - palatized at Crane's.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Now is the time to place your order for winter coal while you get the benefit of price and quality.

Orders of Two Tons or More
are as follows:

Iowa Lump, per ton.....\$3.75
Illinois Lump, per ton..... 4.00
Illinois Nut, per ton..... 4.75
Illinois Lump, earload, F. O. B. Wabash, per ton 3.50

Have scales at Wabash and Burlington depots. On and after August 1 man at either depot to do weighing. Weight and quality guaranteed. Coal weighed over city scales if desired, free of charge.

Yours for Business,

WM. EVERHART

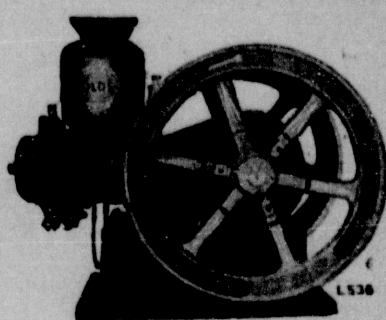
Headquarters for

OLDS GAS ENGINE.

You are urged to investigate the merits of the Olds Gas Engine.

We have them from 1½ to 600 horse power and can be used to advantage in almost any kind of work, filling silos, for the cream separator, sheller or grinder, or wood saw. We put a guarantee on every engine that goes out of our place. We solicit your patronage

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION IN
THE CITY OF MARYVILLE,
NODAWAY COUNTY,
MISSOURI.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the provisions of ordinance No. 512, of the City of Maryville, Missouri, passed and approved by the board of aldermen of said city at a regular session, duly opened and held on the 22nd day of July, 1911, there will be held in said city, on Tuesday, August 15th, 1911, a special election for the purpose of submitting to the legal voters of said city a proposition to increase the indebtedness of said city in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), and to issue bonds of said city for said sum, as provided by the laws of the state of Missouri and the ordinances of said city, for the purpose of erecting and equipping a system of water works in said city of Maryville, and to purchase suitable grounds, within or without the city, upon which to erect said works, and to purchase a right of way to and from said works, and also a right of way for laying pipes, mains, and adjuncts thereto, buildings, standpipes, reservoirs and easements, and all materials and grounds necessary for the efficient construction of said water works, and to issue bonds to pay the cost thereof in the amount aforesaid, of such denomination, bearing such rate of interest and payable at such times as is provided by law; and also to provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest of such indebtedness as it falls due, and to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof at maturity.

A. S. ROBEY, Mayor.
Attest: L. C. GANN, City Clerk.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our sincere gratitude to all our friends who extended so many kindnesses and said so many kind things to us during our sorrow by the death of our dear daughter and sister, Laura. We are especially grateful to our neighbors and the Young Ladies' Mission Circle. Mrs. JAMES B. GATES.
MISS LILLIE GATES.
JOHN GATES.

Card of Thanks.

To all our kind neighbors and friends, and especially the kind Sisters at St. Francis hospital, we wish to extend our sincere thanks for your many acts of kindness during the illness and at the death of our beloved husband and father.—Mrs. Clarence Charles and Sons.

Rev. Mother to Arkansans.

Rev. Mother John of St. Benedictine convent at Clyde left Monday morning for Armstrong Springs, Ark. She was accompanied as far as Kansas City by Sister Maura.

CHIC:ESTER'S PILLS
THE ONLY DRUG THAT
Ladies of All Ages Should Have
This is the only safe and reliable
pills, and with Blue Pills,
there is no other way of your
troubles. For the full story of
DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for
your money to best value, always reliable
SON BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

D
R
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In Bottles, 5c

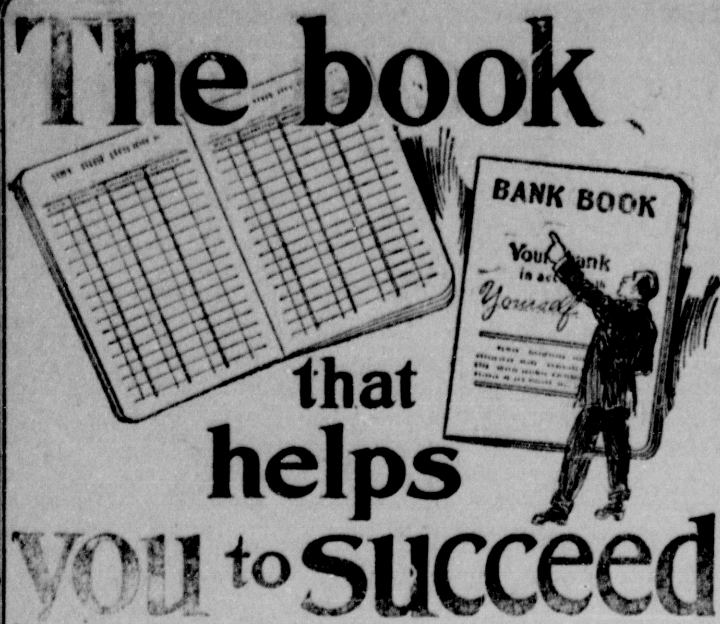
The Banner Bottling Works, Mrs.

Bell and Hanamo phones

Our Goods—Seldom Equalled, Never Exceeded.



The book



that helps YOU to Succeed

YOU do not need to be a scholar to get the greatest use from this book. Many an uneducated person is now enjoying all the best the world can give with its help.

A bank book will start you on the road to success. Come into this bank today and let us give you one.

NODAWAY VALLEY BANK
MARYVILLE, MISSOURI

CAPITAL \$100,000.00
SURPLUS \$22,000.00

HELPFUL WORDS

From a Maryville Citizen.

If your back lame and painful? Does it ache especially after exertion? Is there a soreness in the kidney region? These symptoms indicate weak kidneys. There is danger in delay. Weak kidneys fast get weaker. Give your trouble prompt attention. Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly. They strengthen weak kidneys. Read this Maryville testimony: Mrs. M. Lahr, 212 West Fifth street, Maryville, Mo., says: "I cannot say too much in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills. This excellent remedy promptly relieved me of backache and other symptoms of kidney trouble. During the several years that have since

passed I have had no return attack of my complaint. I consider Doan's Kidney Pills a specific for kidney disease."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Peter Mergen left for Omaha, Neb. Sunday for a several days' visit with relatives.

Miss Nellie Knappenberger of Bolckow, was the Sunday guest of her sister, Miss Lillie Knappenberger, a State Normal student.

Eastman Kodaks and supplies at Crane's.

AMERICAN WINS OUT IN PERSIA

Teheran Banks Stand by Treasurer General Shuster.

BELGIUM AND RUSSIA OBJECT.

Supported by Financial Institutions, Shuster is Able to Carry Out His Own Financial Policies in Spite of Opposition of Europeans.

London, July 31.—W. Morgan Shuster, the American who recently took the post of treasurer general of the Persian government, has already had opportunities to learn much of politics and business under a weak Oriental government pulled and pushed about by the intrigues and threats of European diplomats. His first troubles have been with one of the most powerful chiefs of the government and with the Russian and Belgian interests, which combined to break his power. Thus far the American has more than held his own.

Reports have come to London from agents of British houses in Teheran which give an interesting story of the unsuccessful stand the Russian minister, M. Poklevski, and the Belgian director general of customs, M. Mornard, made against Mr. Shuster and the national council. The council passed a law on June 13 investing the treasurer general with the control of all revenues and the sole power to sign checks on government funds.

M. Mornard previously had drawn checks on the customs funds. He refused to recognize the new law and claimed that he still had that power. Checks which he signed were refused by the Imperial Bank of Persia, which is an English corporation handling a large part of the government funds. These checks were for salaries of customs employees. Mr. Shuster issued duplicates which the bank honored. This brought matters to a crisis.

Would Withdraw Employees.

The Belgian legation announced to the Persian government that it would not permit the Belgian employees of the customs, who form a large proportion of the force, to serve under Mr. Shuster if the law was to be carried out. The Russian minister went further and declared emphatically that he would introduce Russians to administer the customs before he would submit to Mr. Shuster's single handed control.

Several foreign obligations, including the interest on foreign loans, mortgaging, the payment of the Cossack brigade and the pension of the deposed shah were a charge on the customs of the north. The Russian and Belgian diplomats took the stand that these interests were imperilled by Mr. Shuster's administration and also denied the power of the national council to pass such a law as that of June 13. Mr. Shuster thereupon gave written notice to the Imperial bank and the Russian bank that no disbursements would be made from the customs receipts until all liens upon them had been paid.

Bankers Stand by Shuster.

All of the banks supported Mr. Shuster, and the council, which has supported him enthusiastically since his arrival, stood by him also. The cabinet was frightened by the Russian minister's threat and wavered for some time. After a week's argument the treasurer general prevailed upon the minister of foreign affairs to call upon Mornard to comply with the law.

Then the opposition collapsed. In the presence of the cabinet and of Mr. Shuster, the Belgian director general of customs gave a formal undertaking to accept the law and he and Mr. Shuster parted on good terms. It was understood in Teheran that before Mr. Shuster left Washington the Russian ambassador there assured him Russia would not oppose his financial reforms.

AMERICANS MADE PRISONERS

Socialists Raid Cuervo Ranch in Mexico, and Fight Takes Place at Carrizito.

El Paso, Tex., July 31.—Authentic information was received here that fifty Socialists raided the Cuervo ranch, in Mexico, taking everyone, including five Americans, prisoners. The Socialists were followed by thirty-five Maderist soldiers and fighting took place at the Carrizito ranch, but the result is unknown.

Among the captured Americans are Anne Cressy, A. V. Mayes and James Edmonston. Grover Stephens, a cowboy, was also captured, but escaped.

Meat Question Is Discussed.

Vienna, July 31.—The closing session of parliament was devoted to a discussion of the meat question. Premier Frankenthurn made an emphatic declaration that the government would never consent to proposals to open the frontiers for the importation of foreign meat nor permit the country to be dependent upon the American meat trust.

To Acquire Old Washington Home.

London, July 31.—The idea of acquiring Sulgrave manor, in Northamptonshire, the ancestral home of George Washington, as a memorial to the 100 years' peace, has awakened great interest in England and steps already have been taken to raise funds for that purpose.

STEEL MAGNATES WILL BE HEARD

Committee Wants to Hear Story From Morgan Himself.

SUBPOENA SOON FOR SCHWAB

Chairman Visits Washington and Receives Reports From Agents of Committee at Work on Features of Investigation Yet to Be Developed.

New York, July 31.—The house of representatives committee of inquiry into the United States Steel corporation is now very desirous of hearing personally from J. Pierpont Morgan with regard to the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company by the steel corporation in 1907. This was made known here at the committee headquarters.

That a subpoena will be issued within a few days for Charles M. Schwab, former president of the United States Steel corporation, also was revealed. Mr. Schwab has just returned from Europe.

Since so many important witnesses have defended Mr. Morgan for his part in the negotiations which led to the consummation of the Tennessee company's acquisition by the steel corporation, the desire of Representative Stanley, chairman, and other members of the committee has increased. Louis Cass Ledyard, attorney for Oliver Payne, strongly defended Mr. Morgan before the committee and denounced suggestions that a conspiracy existed at the time. Mr. Ledyard also intimated in his testimony that an effort was being made in the investigation to manufacture political capital.

Would Hear Morgan's Defense.

"The best man to defend J. Pierpont Morgan for his part in the Tennessee Coal and Iron transaction," said Chairman Stanley, "is Mr. Morgan himself. I sincerely hope that Mr. Morgan's engagements in Europe will not deter him from appearing before this committee ere the investigation is concluded. Mr. Morgan's own story of that transaction and the momentous events at the time of that financial panic and the effect of the steel stock transfer in the midst of it, are certain to be of great value."

That the great New York financier will be subpoenaed to appear before the committee when he returns there now seems little doubt.

Mr. Schwab will be examined particularly about steel prices and the steel corporation's power in steadying the market prices of steel products throughout the country. Mr. Schwab will be a willing witness, the members of the committee and representatives of the steel corporation say.

Stanley Visits Washington.

Chairman Stanley made a flying trip to Washington and received reports from agents of the committee at work there on features of the investigation yet to be developed. He also learned there of the resolution introduced in the house by Representative Roberts of Nevada urging that a committee of inquiry into the house investigating committee be appointed. On this the steel committee chairman would make no comment except to say that he constant work he is doing in attempting to probe the affairs of the United States Steel corporation thoroughly he would let stand for itself.

Grant E. Schley, former manager of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company syndicate and a member of the brokerage firm of Moore & Schley, which is declared to have been saved from a financial crash when the steel corporation took over the Tennessee company, has been subpoenaed to appear before the committee tomorrow.

WILL APPEAL HARRIMAN CASE

Government Expects to Secure Reversal of Merger Decision.

Washington, July 31.—The government will appeal to the supreme court the Harriman merger suit, which was decided in favor of the railroads by the United States circuit court at St. Louis.

Attorney General Wickersham directed C. A. Severance, the government's special counsel in the case, to prepare the appeal on file as quickly as possible.

Although the government has a year in which to perfect its action to the highest court, the department of justice intends to hurry the suit.

Opinions have been expressed in some quarters that the government's appeal would be only routine matter to have the questions involved decided by the highest court. At the department of justice, however, it is said the government is appealing the case in the hope of winning it. Mr. Severance has reported to the attorney general that he believes the government has a good chance.

Burman Lowers Mile Record for Autos

Philadelphia, July 31.—Bob Burman, in an exhibition mile with his Blitzen Benz, lowered the Point Breeze track record of 59.3-5 seconds by making the circuit in 58.4-5. The record was made by Barney Oldfield.

Fifty Hurt in Trolley Crash.

Detroit, July 31.—Fifty persons were injured, some of them fatally, in a collision between two interurban electric cars on the Detroit Union lines at Dearborn, ten miles west of here. Motorman L. Hamilton was killed.

WANTS

Advertisements are inserted in this column at the rate of three lines (18 words) three days for 25 cents. For ads larger than three lines one cent extra will be charged for each word in excess of 18. Cash must accompany order for these small amounts.

FOR SALE—408 acres of fine land at only \$35.00 per acre, and a fine fruit farm (4,000 trees) for \$100 per acre.

R. L. McDOUGAL.

Abstracts of Title, Ins. and Loans.

"For Sale," "For Rent" and "Rooms for Rent" cards at this office, only 10 cents each.

FOR RENT—After July 1st, good store building, South Main street. See J. F. Roelofson. 3-1f

PIANO BARGAIN—We have a practically new piano procured from the Maryville Publishing company, taken in part settlement for another instrument. In order to save further expense we will sell very cheap for cash or payments as low as \$6.00 per month. For particulars write Olney Music Co., St. Joseph, Mo. 28-d&w-tf

WANTED—Dining room girl. Good wages. The Linville. 1f

FOR SALE—Large fireproof safe, cheap. Charles Hyslop. 10-1f

FOR RENT—4-room cottage at 504 South Buchanan. Good basement, well and city water. Inquire T. L. Wadley. 29-1

NOTICE—If party who took box of gold sure fit cable temples from my office will return same there will be no trouble and no questions. Dr. DuVall. 29-1

RAVENWOOD.

The eastern part of Nodaway county had another fine rain the early part of Friday night. It is estimated from two to two and a half inches. It rained hard for an hour. At one time a few hail fell, but not enough to do any damage. Our farmers all have a long smile on their faces, and well they may, as the rain will be a great benefit to the corn crop and will improve the pastures very much, and will not delay threshing more than one day unless followed by more at once.

Saturday was the third sale day during the season in Ravenwood, and our merchants had a large crowd and a good business.

A. G. Bentley and daughter, Nellie, and Fay Casteel and wife returned from their western trip Thursday night. Mrs. Bentley and son Gaylord will visit a few days with their daughter at Julesburg, Col.

Miss Nellie Sims is teacher of the Baragon Sunday school class at the Methodist church in Ravenwood. The young men gave her a birthday surprise Wednesday evening. Each young man brought his best girl and all together made the party number twenty-five. I give this odd number as the pastor was present without his wife. Ice cream and other light refreshments were served at 11 o'clock. When the crowd broke up this scribe kneweth not.

Mt. Ayr Neighborhood.

There will be an ice cream social at Mt. Ayr church next week. The time or night has not been decided on at this time.

The Sunday school hour has been changed from 2 p. m. to 10 a. m. at Mt. Ayr.

Mrs. Ira Moore of Portland, Ore., and Mrs. Stauble of Maryville were dinner guests at the home of W. L. Marsh, east of town, on Thursday. Mrs. Moore will leave for her home at Portland August 1.

Visiting in Iowa.

Mrs. Thomas Peniston and daughter, Thelma, went to Pleasanton, Ia., Saturday to visit relatives for a few days.

Latest stationery for correspondence at Crane's.

GRANDMOTHERS' BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Color and Beauty of the Hair Preserved with a Harmless Remedy Made from Sage.

Druggists everywhere comment on the fact that they are selling large quantities of sage for making old-fashioned "hage tea," such as was used by our grandmothers for promoting the growth of their hair, making it fluffy and beautiful and restoring its natural color.

The demand for this well-known herb for this purpose has been so great that one manufacturer has taken advantage of the fact and has placed on the market an ideal "hage tea," containing sulphur, a valuable remedy for dandruff and scalp rashes and irritations, called Wych's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy.

The manufacturers of this remedy authorize druggists to sell it under guarantee that the money will be refunded if it fails to do exactly as represented.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists. Special Agent, Koch Pharmacy.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

B. R. Martin's Law Office.

I have opened a law office in the J. B. Robinson building, first stairway north of the Nodaway Valley bank, where I can be found Saturday of each week. Will come any time by appointment. B. R. MARTIN, Maryville, Mo.

K. C. CUMMINS, M. D.,

SURGERY and GENERAL PRACTICE
Office over First National Bank.
Calls answered promptly day or night. All phones.

F. R. Anthony, M. D.

Specialist.
Practice limited to diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and general consultation. All 'phones. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.

THE "UNIQUE"

First class clothes cleaning and repairing shop. Phones, Hanamo 402, 115½ South Main.

H. J. BECKER, Proprietor.

Chas. E. Stilwell.

Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Office over Maryville National Bank, Maryville, Mo.

DR. G. H. LEACH,

Deputy State Veterinarian and Stock Inspector.

Office, Star Barn. All phones.

CLINE & MORGAN,

Graduate and Registered
VETERINARY SURGEONS AND
DENTISTS.
Office at Gray's feed barn. Phones Hanamo 93, Farmers 162.

BUSINESS CARDS

I. J. WALKER

Electrical Wiring, Fixtures, Supplies
Bell phone 91 120½ West 3rd st.

FRANK MARTIN & SON,

PLUMBING AND HEATING.
We Solicit Your Business.
All phones. Maryville, Mo.

J. L. FISHER

Repairing Guns, Bicycles, Gas Engines and Automobiles.
Robey's Garage, 115 West Fourth St.

F. S. GRUNDY,

PLUMBING AND HEATING.
We Never Sleep.
Hanamo 46, Bell 314. Maryville, Mo.

Van Steenberg
& Son

Dry Cleaning, Pressing
Phone Hanamo 279

Genius.

"How far back can you remember?"
"I can remember learning to spell 'cat'; I was only 3."
"Fshaw! Why, my first memory is writing a letter to a correspondence school for lessons in walking."—Toldo Blade.

Returned from Denver.

R. L. McDougal returned from Denver, Col., Saturday evening, where he had been called on the account of the death of his aged father, who was 79 years old.

Kansas Stock and Grain Farm for sale.

320 acres, 6 room house, barn, granary, orchard, living water; located 6 miles south of Newton, on the Santa Fe R. R. and 9 miles west of Whitewater on the Rock Island R. R. 160 acres in crop, balance pasture and meadows. Price \$62.50 per acre. Terms to suit purchaser. See or write for better description, J. H. Wacker, owner, 501 Southeast Third st., Newton, Kas.

AMERICAN FENCE
Campbell & Clark

Kane's Place

Liquors,
Wines,
Cigars

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.

Waukesha

"Club House"

The Beer of Quality

ADOLPH LIPPMAN
DISTRIBUTOR

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

DAILY DEMOCRAT FORUM

(Successor to the Maryville Republican)

VOLUME 2.

MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, MONDAY, JULY 31, 1911.

NO. 49.

WHAT FORD SAYS

GIVES REASONS FOR THE STAND HE TAKES IN THE MATTER.

BOND ISSUE SHOULD CARRY

Ford Has Been a Member of the City Council Eight Years and Is Well Acquainted With Problem.

Mr. Voter It Is Up to You.

Editor Democrat-Forum: As there are so many arguments produced for and against the water bond issue, and I have been accused of being unfair and prejudiced for the stand I have taken in the matter, I feel it a privilege, and in fact almost a defense, to give a few of my reasons as briefly as I can, for the stand I have taken in the matter. The water proposition as it stands in Maryville today is a serious problem, one that every person is interested in, and from the humble washerwoman who exists by her daily labor to the bloated London bondholder that clips American coupons for his existence. In making this comparison I am only speaking of the two extremes, and now don't jump at the conclusion that I am against capital and corporations. I believe any company or corporation should receive a fair compensation for their labor and investment in any business, but I don't believe any company or corporation should demand an exorbitant price for any commodity the people are compelled to have, as I think facts and figures will show in this case.

In discussing this problem I am not going into the details of the old franchise and contract that has existed. The prices, service and improvements, as compared with our present prices, service and improvements, is too well known to either need discussion or explanation. What we need at the present time is more water and better water at a price that is fair to the producer and consumer. We are now paying 33 1-3 cents per thousand, with a 50-cent minimum, and the city is paying for 66 hydrants at \$45 each per year, a total of \$2,970, which, at 33 1-3 cents per thousand would pay for 8,910,000 gallons of water per year, an average of 171,346 gallons per week, or 24,478 gallons per day. Think of it! A great many of these hydrants haven't had a fire hose on them in twenty-six years. Some are surrounded by weeds a coon could climb. It is true it is worth the money for fire protection, and it is also true the city is paying nearer \$2.00 per thousand than 33 1-3 cents for these hydrants, and the taxpayers are paying it. Is it reasonable and right? Now let's be fair and figure a little. In so doing all one can do is to figure from the statement of the water commission's report and the manager's statement as to the amount of water consumed annually and the expense of conducting the plant annually. Now, at the above prices wouldn't it be fair to estimate that the water company is receiving an average of 25 cents per thousand for their water? We are using 250,000 gallons of water daily. On this estimate their receipts would be \$62.50 per day, a total of \$23,812.50 per year. The manager claims the total running expense is \$10,000 per year. Of course there are a good many sundries in this expense account that I don't care to discuss at this time. Looks a little high, Deal, but we will let it go at that for the present. Now add to this expense 5 per cent on one hundred thousand bonds, \$5,000; add \$5,000 for sinking fund to pay your bonded indebtedness in twenty years; also add 2 per cent, \$2,000, for repairs, and you have a total of \$22,000 taken from the total receipts as based on these figures, and you have a balance of \$1,812.50 to the city's credit. Now, on this estimate the water, figured at an average of 25 cents per thousand, may be figured a little higher. It may be a little low, and, on the other hand, look at the saving on the annual running expenses. I am also figuring \$5,000 annual interest. This fund would decrease each year, and after the expiration of ten years should be a revenue, because you would have more money in your sinking fund than you would owe on your bonds. The water company is demanding a raise of 50 per cent on their present prices, with a twenty-year franchise and contract.

Now under municipal ownership, suppose the city would advance the present prices 50 per cent. Do you have a shadow of a doubt that the plant would not pay for itself in less than twenty years? Is there a person in Maryville that would rather pay

this exorbitant price to London bondholders than pay it to the city, and in twenty years or less own the water works, and after it is paid, we would be entitled to a cheap rate, besides a revenue for the city? And let me say right here that the time is coming when the city will probably need that revenue.

Now, Mr. Voter, it is up to you. If the bonds fail to carry the city is in a worse condition than it is today, for you have demonstrated the fact that you can't buy or build a water system. You are absolutely at the mercy of the water company. You can vote them a franchise at 50 cents per thousand and 75 cents minimum, or you can drink their sewer cocktails at the present price if they see fit to furnish them.

If the bonds should carry there is no assurance that any part of them will ever be issued, but by your vote you are removing the handcuffs from your mayor and council and placing them in position to protect the city's interests, either as to a reasonable franchise, which would be submitted to the voters, or a reasonable purchase price on the present company's mains, or, as a last resort, a new plant, and in either event give us good well water.

Now as to the management in case of municipal ownership. I would favor the election of three water commissioners to take the management entirely away from the city council. Give these commissioners absolute control. Keep it clean out of politics and factions. I would hate to think that we haven't three men in Maryville that are as honest and capable of governing a water system as other towns where municipal ownership is a success.

I want to deal fair in this matter with the water company and city. It is no personal matter with me. If the time I have spent in the past eight years with the water problem was figured at bricklayer's wages it would pay for my water my natural life.

J. A. FORD.

HUMBOLDT KEEPS UP WINNING FORM

Mink League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Falls City	39	24	.619
Shenandoah	36	28	.562
Auburn	32	32	.500
Clarinda	31	33	.484
Humboldt	30	33	.476
Nebraska City	23	41	.359

Humboldt, Neb., July 31.—Humboldt made it three straight from Nebraska City by winning a close game Saturday. Score:

Humboldt	9-00003001	4-9-6
Nebraska City	000003000	3-5-3

Batteries—Oswalt and Summers; Williford and Herman. Umpire—Meyers.

Clarinda, Ia., July 31.—Falls City stopped Clarinda's winning streak Saturday in a close game. Score:

Clarinda	000200000	2-4-2
Falls City	100100002	4-7-1

Batteries—Walters and Harmony; Finch and Vanderhill. Umpire—Kiesane.

Auburn, Neb., July 31.—Shenandoah took both games of a double-header Saturday afternoon, outpitching the local team. Score, first game:

Auburn	000000100	1-4-5
Shenandoah	021102002	8-10-3

Batteries—Hirsch and Musser; Duran and Castle.

Second game:

Auburn	000000100	3-8-3
Shenandoah	302003110	10-14-2

Batteries—Kiloway and Musser; Corcoran and Castle. Umpire—Kratsberg.

Back from St. Paul. F. W. Crow returned Saturday evening from St. Paul, where he has been attending the national photographers' convention.

Sister Aloysia, Sister Alfred, Sister Agnes, Sister Philmoney and Sister Bertha came to Maryville from Clyde on business Saturday morning, returning at noon.

News of Society and Womens' Clubs

Spent Sunday at Craig Farm.

Miss Mona Hoshor was the originator of a picnic party that spent the day Sunday on Anderson Craig's farm, northeast of Maryville, where a picnic dinner and supper were taken. The party was chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Frazee, and included Misses Mona Hoshor, Mary and Grace O'Brien, Clara and Edith Davenport, Lela Caudie, Hazel Vandervort, Messrs. Wilson Nicholas, Paul Basford, Willie O'Brien, Welby Nicholas, Warner Wood and Dale VanFossan of Bolekow, Don Aldrich and Ervil Stafford.

Visited Krug Park.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Roseberry and daughter, Esther, and Mr. and Mrs. Arch Frank and daughter, Eva Margaret, went to Rosendale Sunday morning in Mr. Roseberry's car, where they were joined by several other automobile parties on a trip to St. Joseph, and enjoyed an elaborate luncheon in Krug park that the Rosendale people brought with them. Those in the Rosendale party were Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Hopkins and family and their guests, Mrs. Hopkins' brother, Mr. Denny, and his family of Lincoln, Neb.; Dr. Hoshor and family, Mr. Wells and family, Mr. Wright and family, and Frank Barnes and family. Mrs. Barnes is a cousin of Mrs. Roseberry and Mr. Frank, and as Miss Pauline Dunn of Bolekow was a frequent visitor to Maryville.

For Sister's Birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Yeomans and Mrs. N. F. Humber entertained at a luncheon Sunday at their home, 307 East Edward street, to honor the birthday anniversary of their sister, Mrs. S. G. Seelman of this city, and for another sister, Mrs. G. W. Bowmer of St. Joseph, who is visiting them. Those present besides the host and hostess and the honor guests were S. G. Seelman and sons, Harold, Merle and Nile, and daughter, Mary Elizabeth; Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Estes and sons, Raymond and Lee Edward, and Mrs. S. J. Yeomans.

The Woodmen Picnicked.

A party of choppers from Magnolia camp of the Woodmen of the World set out on hayracks Sunday morning for the wilds of the 102 river, for the purpose of procuring stumps for their forest. They were equipped with axes and crosscut saws, and carried a dinner prepared especially for the occasion. Mark Turner was said to have been the star actor at the crosscut saw, W. B. Frost and Frank Murray led the hosts at the dinner table. Those in the party were Frank Martin, Roy Martin, Frank Murray, Guy Ray, Trepus Little, George Bramble, Lloyd Blatchey, Mark Turner, John Stahl, W. B. Frost, Paul Leffler, Frank Wallace, Charles Kiser and Harlen Burnam.

For Pastor and His Wife.

The membership of the First Christian church will give a reception the coming Friday evening to the new pastor and his wife, Rev. and Mrs. Claude J. Miller, in the church parlors.

Moonlight Lawn Party.

A moonlight lawn party was given Thursday evening at Hill Crest farm, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will James. Games were played and a one-course luncheon was served. Those present were: Mrs. David Mitchell, Mrs. Eva Reaksecker, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sharp, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Patton, Mr. and Mrs. William Dawson, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Walkup, Misses Lols McCoy of Colorado, Berge Farris of Clarksdale, Mo.; Mae Doran, Neva A. Reaksecker, Helen Masters, Amy Wampler, Hope Wampler, Ora Shell, Beniah Renshaw, Nellie Rockwell, Mildred Palmer, Effie Dawson, Goldie B. Busby, Flo Masters, Marguerite Gressan, Miss Sheridan, Dora Peter, Messrs. Theodore Palmer, Charlie Rockwell, Ernest Dawson, Arthur Walkup, Jesse Walkup, Warren Reaksecker, Harry Mitchell, Henry Strauch, Carrol Hogan, Ray Masters, Carl Keever, Clay Keever, Dan Miller, Ora Keever, Paul Hogan, James Stevenson, Leslie Reaksecker, Forrest Masters, Noble Reaksecker, Floyd Dawson, Virgil Dawson, Glen Wampler, Clyde Wampler and Ralph Wampler.

Guests from St. Joseph.

Misses Lucile and Virginia Sheridan and Miss Marie Cooney of St. Joseph will arrive in Maryville Monday night to be the guests of Miss Laura Keeler and Miss Ora Barmann. The young

ladies were all students together at Sacred Heart convent in St. Joseph the past year, also Miss Martha Koch. The Misses Sheridan will be guests of Miss Keeler and Miss Cooney of Miss Barmann. Tuesday morning Miss Keeler, assisted by her sister, Miss Josephine Keeler, will give a party for the St. Joseph visitors, and Tuesday afternoon Miss Barmann will entertain for them.

Sunday Dinner Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Montgomery entertained at dinner Sunday Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Pierpoint and children of Skidmore and Mrs. Ed Bilby of Quitman. Mrs. Bilby, Mrs. Pierpoint and Mrs. Montgomery are sisters. The guests all returned home Sunday evening excepting the children, who remained to visit until Tuesday at the Montgomery home and with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Pierpoint, when Dr. Pierpoint will come for them in his car and Mrs. Montgomery will go to Skidmore with them for a visit.

Week-End House Party.

Mrs. John W. Herren entertained with a week-end house party Saturday night and Sunday for her sister, Mrs. Lewis Jones of Enid, Okla. The guests were her mother, Mrs. Margaret Toel, and sisters, Mrs. J. L. Jones, and Mrs. George Loranice of this city, and Mrs. Lewis Jones.

Dinner Guests at Tarkio.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Montgomery and daughter, Miss Ruth, and Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Bruce Montgomery went to Tarkio Sunday and were guests for several hours of the families of James and William Hurst, leaving for Maryville after luncheon Sunday evening.

DR. FRAGA OF CHILE SPOKE AT THE NORMAL

The attendants at the chapel exercises of the Normal Monday morning were given a treat in the person of Dr. Fraga of Santiago, Chile, South America. Dr. Fraga is on his way from Santiago to Antwerp, Belgium, to attend the international convention of the speakers of Esperanto, the international language. He stopped off for a day in Maryville to visit his friend Mr. Charles Wells, the Normal librarian, whom he knew in South America when Mr. Wells was in the United States consular service there.

Dr. Fraga is an excellent pianist and played two selections for the chapel attendants this morning. One of them, the national hymn of his own country, Chile, the other the hymn of the Esperantists. He then made an address in Spanish, which was translated by Mr. Wells, who also translated Dr. Taylor's reply to Dr. Fraga. Dr. Fraga can speak some English, but he did not feel conversant enough with it to try to make his address in English.

DR. F. M. MARTIN AND FAMILY ON VACATION

Dr. F. M. Martin and Mrs. Martin and daughter, Miss Mabel Martin, expect to leave Wednesday for Estes Park, Col., Colorado Springs and other Colorado points, for a two weeks' trip. On their return trip they will stop at Beaver City, Neb., to visit a brother of Dr. Martin, J. D. Martin, who is a farmer there, and at Lomax, Neb., to visit his sister, Mrs. J. H. Richardson.

Dr. and Mrs. Martin's other daughter, Miss Alice Martin, in charge of the kindergarten department of the State Normal, left Monday morning for her vacation trip to Missoula, Mont., where she will spend a month.

LEFT PROPERTY TO THE LODGE AT HOPKINS

The will of Harrison Meyers, who died in Maryville at St. Francis hospital last Friday, was filed in probate court Monday. All real and personal property is left to the Xenia lodge, No. 50, at Hopkins, and S. E. Browne is named as executor. The will was written March 23, 1910, and was witnessed by L. C. Goodwin and Ira Cook.

Miss Esther Ferguson, a State Normal student, spent Sunday in Elmo with her brother, Dr. R. E. Ferguson, and family.

Mrs. George Liston and son Mylo were Sunday guests at the home of Mr. Liston's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mike Liston of East Cooper street.

TO HAVE DEBATE ON MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

On the evening of next Thursday, August 3, at 7:30 o'clock, the Normal Debating club will settle once and for all the question of municipal ownership. The question, "Resolved, that municipal ownership is the best solution of the public utilities question," will be fought out by Taylor Foster, R. E. Hughes and Jesse Wright for the affirmative and S. C. Richeson, W. H. Burr, F. E. Roach on the negative.

Dr. Taylor will speak on the "Psychology of Public Speech."

Prof. A. E. Wickizer will address the members on the topic "The Motion."

The meetings of the society are held in the chapel of the Normal building, and an invitation is extended to the public to be present.

The announcements in regard to applications for next winter's training school pupils will be made in a few days.

No Increase in Taxes Necessary

As we go about from place to place the question we have asked most frequently is: If we vote the bonds to build or buy the water plant how much is it going to increase taxes? We have therefore endeavored to get into the very heart of this question as it would seem the votes for the bonds would be almost unanimous if it does not involve an increase or any considerable increase in the taxes. We are very happy to be able to say to the voters of Maryville that it is our opinion that no increase at all in the taxes will be necessary and we desire to give you as briefly as possible how we arrive at this conclusion and believe practically all of you will agree with us.

First of all get clearly in your mind the fact that the law requires that provisions shall be made for the payment of the interest on the bonds each year and such an additional sum as will pay the bonds at the end of twenty years. Then that the interest the bonds bear have to do with the amount which the law requires shall be provided for.

As to this interest rate there is some difference of opinion, some believing that a four per cent rate could be obtained, others a four and one-half per cent and some as high as five per cent. As to this we find some recent bonds of the character of our proposed bonds have sold at as low as four per cent and that we should be able to dispose of the bonds at from four to four and one-half per cent interest. For the purposes of our estimate we have taken the highest rate of four and one-half per cent. We find that to pay interest at four and one-half per cent and retire the \$100,000 principal by the end of twenty years requires the sum of \$7,650 a year—really a few dollars less than that. Probably most any of our high school children can prove these figures and will find they are substantially correct.

Now get clearly in your minds that if one hundred thousand dollars of bonds are issued at least \$7,650 each year must be provided to pay interest and reduce principal. Here stick a pin. Now let's go into the receipts and expenses of the water plant under the rates we now have—mind you the rates we will have if the bonds are defeated and the Water Company given the franchise they are insisting upon. The years 1909 and 1910 are the only full years the present rates have existed, and we are therefore confined to those two years so far as receipts are concerned. We find that the receipts for the year 1909, eliminating from both sides of the ledger the small items involved in the purchase and sale of merchandise, were \$15,297.73. We further find that for the expenses of that year \$8,245.75 was paid out for what is called operating expenses, and \$489.83 was expended in petty construction, making a total of \$8,735.58.

Now mark you the above amount (\$8,735.58) is the amount

THE RIVER IS O. K.

SO SAYS ROY CROSS AFTER MAKING AN EXAMINATION.

IS SAFE FOR DRINKING

Bacterial Count is Rather High, But Probably Due to Not Sending Jug Packed in Ice, Mr. Cross Says.

A sample of the 102 river water was recently sent to Kansas City to the testing laboratory for a test as to whether the water was perfectly safe for drinking purposes. The water was sent after the rain of a week ago.

In a letter from Roy Cross of the Kansas City Testing laboratory, who was the same Roy Cross that made tests for the state in the Hez Hance murder trial, to Manager G. B. Roseberry, he says the water is perfectly safe for drinking purposes.

The water was sent in a jug which was delivered to the Adams Express company by City Physician A. T. Fisher.

The letter from Mr. Cross to Manager Roseberry follows:

We herewith report the results of our examination of the sample of water submitted by you July 27, 1911: Our laboratory number Q169.

Sample marked city water. Examination—Total number of bacteria per cubic centimeter of water, 1,200; total number of coli germs per cubic centimeter of water, none; nitrates in parts per million parts of water, 0.000; Chlorides in parts per million parts of water, 3.0.

Remarks—It is our opinion that this water is perfectly safe for drinking purposes, based upon the fact that colon germs are absent and that the nitrates and chlorides indicate that there is no contamination. The total bacterial count is, however, rather high, but we believe that this high value is due to the multiplication of the bacteria in the jug between the time that the sample was taken and the time that it was delivered at the laboratory, as the jug was not packed in ice. If you desire more accurate bacterial count we suggest that you send us another sample of the water in a three-ounce sterilized bottle and packed in ice. You can obtain a sterilized bottle from a physician, or we will send one to you. We will make no additional charge for the additional test.

Respectfully submitted, ROY CROSS, Kansas City Testing Laboratory.

Ex-Judge H. H. McClurg of near Pickering was a city visitor Monday. He says that the corn crops are in good shape and that the county will have a good crop this year.


Mr. and Mrs. Gee Harbison of the Casteel ridge were shopping in the city Saturday.

Mrs. Ella Edwards of St. Joseph, who has been visiting Mrs. Martin Calt, returned home Monday morning.

Theriff Tilson left Monday for Clearmont, Burlington Junction and Elmo for the purpose of distributing ballots for the capital election to be held tomorrow.

The Weather

Generally fair today and Tuesday



Eye Warnings

Come in aches, pains and burning sensations. Most everybody feels these symptoms sooner or later—hurry! Few people heed them soon enough. If you have cause to rub your eyes when reading at night, or when sewing, it is ample time to get the best of glasses. The right glasses will give immediate relief. We are able to fit you perfectly in the quickest possible time.

Crane's

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered as second-class matter June 4, 1910, at the postoffice at Maryville, Mo., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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Largest Circulation in Nodaway County.

An Address to the Voter.

The following appeal to voters has been issued by the Missouri State Capitol Rebuilding association:

Mr. Voter: The question of whether or not Missouri shall rebuild its capitol is up to you. Next Tuesday, August 1st, it is for you to say whether the best state in the Union shall have an adequate and commodious fire-proof capitol building, or continue to be the one state in the Union without a home for its offices or a safe depository for its invaluable records; whether this imperial commonwealth shall go forward in the march of progress, or sound a retreat; whether we shall signal for the engineer on the train of public enterprise to "pull 'er wide open" for a record run under a full head of steam, or whistle for "down brakes" on the advancing car of civilization; whether we shall send a glad message of duty faithfully done to the sisterhood of states, or hang our harp upon the willow of procrastination and ask the world to listen while we pipe a tale of woe.

The citizen of Missouri who does not vote "yes" next Tuesday is without excuse. The amount asked for is conservative—a wise compromise between those who want to spend more and those who think a suitable capitol could be built for less—common ground upon which all can get together; the tax rate is low, only 2 cents on the \$100 assessed valuation, in reality about one-half cent on each \$100 of your actual wealth; the construction of the capitol is hedged about with specific law that renders graft impossible and puts the expending of a single dollar more than the amount voted out of the question; the necessity for a new capitol is self-evident, to argue the question is to insult your intelligence; you will never have another opportunity to support so reasonable and economical a proposition—the next call is for \$5,000,000, and remember, it only requires a majority of one vote to carry it, while it takes two-thirds of those voting to carry the \$2,500,000 issue next Tuesday.

In view of these things, we appeal to you, Mr. Voter, to make it your business to go to the polls and do your duty by Missouri; we appeal to your state pride and love for your country; we appeal to your patriotism and loyalty to your state; we appeal to your sense of justice and regard for the political dignity and prestige of Missouri; we appeal to you in behalf of conservatism and economy; we appeal to you in the name of enterprise and progress, and we appeal to you in the name of senators, congressmen, governors, state and coun-

Stop Frowning

Frowns are a pretty sure indication of weak eyes or defective vision—also that a good pair of glasses are needed; they will improve your looks as well as your eye-sight.

Wear Proper Glasses

Glasses to fit your needs must fit your features as well as your eyes. We can do both to your entire satisfaction.

YOU WILL LOOK WELL
AND SEE WELL
IF YOU HAVE THEM
FITTED AT

Raines Brothers
109 West Third Street.

ty officers, prominent citizens, civil and commercial organizations, political parties, and the united voice of the press, to go to the polls next Tuesday and work and vote to rebuild the state capitol now.

It's a glorious opportunity you have to serve your state, Mr. Voter; what will you do with it?
It's up to you.

No Increase In Taxes Necessary

(Continued from page 1.)

includes the salaries and wages of all persons locally connected with the plant, the fuel and all other expenses, as well as \$1,115.73 paid out to account of renewals and repairs, and \$489.83 for petty construction, a total of \$1,605.56 expended in keeping up and extending the plant.

Had Maryville owned the plant the above represents what would have been her receipts from the plant and cost of operating same and keeping it in repair, on the basis the plant is now being operated under private ownership and old worn out machinery, etc., and what is the result in figures. Receipts, \$15,207.79; expenses, etc., \$8,735.58, leaving \$6,472.21 net earnings, an amount lacking only \$1,177.79 of enough to pay the \$7,650 required for interest and principal each year.

Now again, we have investigated and ascertained somewhat as to whether or not Maryville might reasonably expect to effect a saving of any portion of the expenses included in the above figures, and it is our firm opinion that with the city owning the plant there can be a very considerable saving in what is termed office expenses. We find that what we would term the office salaries of the water company as now operated is \$2,280. It is also estimated that under the present economical running of the city's affairs the city clerk probably gets \$400 a year, and \$50 a year is paid for his office rent. This \$450, added to the water company's \$2,280, makes a total of \$2,730, but, you say, what have these two items to do with each other. Simply this: Our investigation reveals that in many towns the size of Maryville, where the city owns the water plant, the duties of the supervision of the water plant, the collection of water rentals and the duties of the city clerk are combined, and to every practical purpose.

Shenandoah and Clarinda are samples of this, and we find that for the services which Maryville would need if she owned the water plant, now representing an annual expense to Maryville and the water company of \$2,730, Shenandoah now pays about \$1,200 and Clarinda about \$1,500. We feel perfectly safe in assuming that Maryville could get this work done, and capably done, for not over \$1,500 a year, which would affect another saving of \$1,230 a year, which, added to the \$6,472.21 earnings, as before stated, would make \$7,702.21, or \$52.21 more than the required \$7,650.

Now for the year 1910 we find the receipts were \$15,154.69. The amount paid out for operating expenses, including \$800.12 for renewals and repairs, was \$9,622, and for petty construction \$288.30, a total of \$10,910.30, which, if Maryville had owned the plant, would have left her a net balance of \$5,144.39. Add to this the \$1,230 we have figured can be saved in office expenses and we have \$6,374.39. You will no doubt wonder why the water company's operating expenses should have been \$9,622 in 1910 and \$8,245.75 in 1909, a difference of \$1,376.25. The fuel item explains it. In 1909 the company paid out \$2,879.98 for fuel, and in 1910 it paid out \$4,181.17 for fuel, an increase of \$1,301.19. Mr. Roseberry, in explanation of this increase, says that it is largely due to the strikes in the coal mines during the year 1910, causing him to have to buy some very high priced coal from unusual sources, and he does not strenuously argue for an average of more than about \$3,000 a year for fuel in a run of years. This would seem to be a liberal estimate, as is attested by the amount the water company has paid out in the past three years as follows: In 1906, \$2,185.65; in 1907, \$2,224.20; in 1908, \$2,417.48; in 1909, \$2,879.98; in 1910, \$4,181.17; total, \$13,888.48 for five years, or an average of \$2,777.70 each year.

The receipts of 1905, \$15,207.79, and of 1910, \$15,154.69, aggregate \$30,362.48, or an average of \$15,181.24 per year. The operating expenses and petty construction, leaving out the fuel items, were: 1905, \$5,855.60, and 1910, \$5,440.83, or a total of \$11,296.43, an average of \$5,648.22 a year. Add to this an average fuel cost of \$3,000 and you have an average running expense of \$8,648.22, and deduct from this the saving in office expenses of \$1,230 and you have an average annual expense of \$7,418.22. This amount, taken from the average receipts of \$15,181.24, leaves an average net earning of \$7,763.01, sufficient to pay the interest and retire the bonds as the law pro-

vides.

But hold. One says that if Maryville builds a new plant with modern, up-to-date new machinery, it will naturally not cost as much to operate as the present old plant with its worn out machinery and other crippled features, and that the net earnings would therefore be larger and that the same would be true if we buy the old plant and improve it by installing new machinery, developing a more economical water supply, etc.

No thinking person will undertake to dispute the above reasoning, but so much the better for Maryville, and it clearly demonstrates that the chances are in favor of the net earnings of the plant being considerably more rather than less than we have estimated, but we want it to turn out, and believe it will.

Now to sum up what this means for Maryville in the next twenty years as against giving the company a franchise. First, at the end of twenty years Maryville will have her water plant paid for—a plant worth its cost, less a depreciation usually figured at about 1½ per cent per annum, or \$1,500 on a hundred thousand dollar plant, which, in twenty years, would amount to \$30,000, leaving a then value of say \$70,000. Next, she will save the additional \$3,000 each year which the increased rates of the company's proposed franchise requires, a total in twenty years of \$60,000. Result, a water plant worth at least \$70,000 and a saving of at least \$60,000 in water rates, making a total of \$130,000 she and her people will be to the good, as against the proposed franchise.

We submit that this is worth while.

We have given you the reasons from the financial side of the question—why The Democrat-Forum favors the bonds—and we shall be more than pleased to have any one ask any questions they desire concerning these figures and the statements in connection therewith, or if we have made any mistakes therein to point them out to us.

After the end of the twenty years then what? Either lower water rates, lower taxes or a much larger revenue to care for and improve our streets and effect other improvements, for then, mind you, we would still have the earnings of the water plant coming along from year to year with the \$7,650 for interest and principal discontinued.

Another thing which should be kept in mind is that voting bonds to buy a revenue producing plant is a far different proposition than voting bonds to build city halls, etc., which have no earning features.

There is some question about whether or not the law does not require a levy to be made to provide for the annual interest and sinking fund rather than to take the earnings of the plant. If such is the case and a levy is compulsory the matter can be legally and simply handled by the council making the levy for water works and discontinuing the general levy and taking the earnings of the plant for the general revenue.

The present levy for general revenue is four mills, and it might require a levy of four and a half mills for this necessary interest and sinking fund, so that with the general levy discontinued there would be an increase of one-half mill, which means five cents each year on the hundred dollars value, but we submit that this is so very insignificant compared with the results achieved that we believe we are safe in saying that hardly a person will oppose the issue on that account.

His Sister Very Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dempsey left Monday morning for Sedalia, where they were called by the serious illness of Mr. Dempsey's sister, Mrs. Robert Robinson.

A nice little rain fell in Maryville Monday morning. A good rain fell at Bedison today and in other parts of the county, while at Burlington Junction and Elmo no rain fell.

Come to the boys' ball game Wednesday. Lots of fun. Root for your boys. Help a good cause.

Master Charles Bellows, Jr., went to Bedison Saturday to spend the day with his uncle, Mr. Jesse Douglas.

A marriage license was issued Monday by Recorder Wray to John A. Porch and Esta Poff of Parnell. They were married by Judge J. W. Morris Monday afternoon.

FOR RENT—5-room house on South Vine, with half acre of ground. Owen Murkin. 31-2

LOST—Small leather satchel containing grain tester, between Burlington Junction and Maryville, July 30th. Owner's name on satchel. Return to Robey's garage and receive reward. Jas. P. Cook. 31-2

Come to the boys' ball game Wednesday. Lots of fun. Root for your boys. Help a good cause.

Communication

The Capitol Bond Proposition.

As I think it very important that this should carry, I will offer a few reasons for it.

The people do not seem to understand the provision for using two hundred thousand dollars for purchasing land. For the benefit of those who do not know the situation I will try to explain it. The old building stands on the bank of the Missouri river with only enough land between the building and the bank for a driveway. Between the river and the driveway there is a perpendicular stone wall about thirty feet high. At the foot of this wall is the track of the Missouri Pacific railroad. When the trains are passing or switching the noise is terrific and sounds, to one in the building, like it might be in the basement. When the windows are open the smoke comes up through them. For these reasons it was thought best to locate the new building further back. The fine new supreme court building is situated on top of the second bank or hill south of the capitol grounds. Between this building and the capitol grounds there is a block of ground owned by individuals and occupied by brick dwellings. The legislature secured an option on this block with the idea of building farther up the hill and away from confusion and smoke of the railroad. This would connect the state property and make room for a beautiful park surrounding the buildings. I am sure any one who will look the situation over carefully will agree that this is a wise thing to do.

The actual cost to the state would be one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, as it would save seventy-five thousand dollars appropriated to repair the old building for the state offices during the construction of the building. If the bond proposition carries the brick buildings on the block will be used for this purpose and the old building will not be repaired.

If the proposition fails to carry the question of locating the capitol will be opened up and there is no telling where the controversy will end, which would be very unfortunate for the state. Mr. Torry, of Fruitville, is sending out letters to those portions of the state which have state institutions urging them to defeat the proposition for the reason that the bond issue should be large enough to give each of these institutions a liberal appropriation. In my opinion this is, only a subterfuge, his real object being to open up the question of location, which he hopes to accomplish by appealing to the selfishness of the people. He offered to donate a section of land to the legislature to remove the capitol to Fruitville. If you never heard of Fruitville get out your map.

The objection to Jefferson City on the ground of inaccessibility has been largely overcome by the building of an electric road across the river, thus connecting the two railroads on that side with the city.

Vote for this proposition because the other state property which must go with the capitol is at Jefferson City and would be a total loss if the location is changed. Vote for it because three million dollars is sufficient to erect a building good enough for any state. Any amount in excess of this will be used for ornamentation or show. Vote for it because the provisions of the bill carefully guard against graft or the use of one dollar more than the appropriation. Vote for it because it would be very unfortunate for the state to get into an interminable controversy over location.

Vote for it because the building should not be delayed, valuable state documents are in jeopardy every day it is delayed.

ANDERSON CRAIG.

Come to the boys' ball game Wednesday. Lots of fun. Root for your boys. Help a good cause.

Spent Sunday in Maryville.

Forrest Hanna, who is doing work as special accountant for the Department of Commerce and Labor at Washington, returned to St. Joseph Monday morning, having spent Sunday in Maryville with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Hanna.

Took Nephew Home.

Miss Amy Clark went to Chillicothe Monday to accompany home her nephew, Master Bertram Clark, who has been visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Clark, of the Ream hotel, while his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Clark of the New Leeper hotel at Chillicothe, went on a trip through the west.

Miss Missie Farnan of Clyde was the guest of Mrs. T. W. Costello Sunday.

Indians Monday and Tuesday nights, Matinee Tuesday 3 p. m. Fern theater.

NOW
\$1.50
For a Season Ticket
to the Chautauqua
After this week they
will be \$2.00.

The best way to enjoy a Chautauqua is to buy a season ticket and come and go as you please. It will cost as much to hear Gore, Hanley and The Hinshaw Co. single admission, as a season ticket costs now. Then there are a number of other things you would not think of missing. Buy a season ticket and buy it soon. Season tickets transferable in the family. If you want a tent better order it now. The tents engaged are going fast. Don't forget--\$1.50 this week, \$2.00 next week.

Maryville
Chautauqua
Aug. 12 to 20, 1911

Attended Store Opening.

Charles Lippman of St. Louis returned to his home Sunday night. He came to attend the opening of the Field-Lippman piano house on West Third street Saturday.

Mrs. John M. Lytle and little daughter, Helen Emille, left Saturday evening for Port Huron, Mich., to meet Mr. Lytle, and where they will make their home. Mrs. Lytle and daughter have been here several months visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary Owen, and aunt, Miss Emille Tebow, of West Third street. Mr. Lytle was here several weeks early in the spring while nursing a broken arm. Their former home was Sarnia, Canada, in the province of Ontario. Since Mr. Lytle's return he has been promoted to a place as baggageman on the Grand Trunk railway, between Toronto and Port Huron. He sustained the injury of a broken arm while attending his work as brakeman on a freight train on the Grand Trunk line.

Chicago's Three Richest Women.

Names of the three richest women in Chicago were made public recently on the completion of the personal property tax lists. They are:

Mrs. Nettie F. McCormick, \$2,595,000; Mrs. Emma Blaine, \$1,350,000; Virginia McCormick, \$1,350,000. This is the value of personal property only.

Mrs. Blaine, although listed as one of the city's most wealthy women, believes that wealth is unjustly distributed.

"It is my belief," she said, "that before many generations the race as a whole will revolt at the senseless inequality of the wealth holding power of individuals. It is a question, I think, whether too large a part of the wealth is held in private hands, and whether a sufficient proportion should not be held by the community as a whole, so that the rightful needs of any individual need not depend solely on the will of some minority of individuals."

Miss Bessie Connor was the Sunday guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dickey, living seven miles east of Maryville.

Mrs. H. McKee of Monmouth, Ill., arrived Monday on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Lon Fordyce.

Was Mother of Mrs. Dr. Wells.

Mrs. Gates, the mother of Mrs. Dr. J. A. Wells of Ravenwood, died at her daughter's home Saturday night, after a few days' illness. The body will be taken to Wisconsin for burial. Mrs. Gates is survived by her daughter and five sons, who live in different states and were present at the funeral Monday.

To Conduct Funeral.

Rev. Lee Harrel went to Agency Monday to conduct the funeral services of a Mr. Barnes of Dearborn, who was killed a few days since in Kansas. Rev. Harrel was Mr. Barnes' pastor about twenty years ago.

Left for Chicago.

Mrs. Arletta Holt of Wichita, Kan., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Ellis Cook, left Monday for Chicago to visit before returning to her home. Mrs. Cook's brother, Okel Fuqua of Savannah, who has also been visiting her a few days, returned home Monday.

Accompanied Nurse Home.

Miss Rose Hales of St. Joseph, who has been nursing Mrs. James Murray, who was seriously injured a few weeks ago in a runaway near her home, south of Maryville, returned home Monday morning. Mrs. Murray is improving, but it will be some time before she will be able to be about the house. Miss Hales was accompanied home by Misses Laura and Mary Ruth Curfman, the little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Curfman, for a few days' visit.

Miss Edith Wells, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wells of South Vine street, returned Sunday from a week's visit with friends at New Point, Mo. Miss Mabel Wells also returned Sunday from a visit with the families of her brothers, William and Henry Wells, southwest of Maryville.

The Democratic outlook in state and nation is bright for victory if the politicians will only sit still in the boat. It would not be a bad idea to throw every fellow overboard who shows any disposition to "rock the boat." Hold the old Democratic ship of state level and everybody talk harmony—that's the system.

Indians Monday and Tuesday nights, Matinee Tuesday 3 p. m. Fern theater.

Today's Markets

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—26,000. Market weak. Estimate tomorrow, 2,000.
Hogs—38,000. Market 5c higher; top, \$7.50. Estimate tomorrow, 16,000.
Sheep—26,000. Market weak.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—15,000. Market weak.
Hogs—5,000. Market strong; top, \$7.05.
Sheep—7,000. Market weak.
ST. JOSEPH.
Cattle—2,100. Market weak.
Hogs—3,500. Market strong; top, \$7.05.
Sheep—200. Market weak.

Missouri College Grows.

Statistics recently compiled at the Missouri Agricultural college show that in the past five years the number of students attending its courses has increased 227 per cent. In the same period of time the university as a whole has increased its attendance by 40 per cent.

He who seeks an explanation of this remarkable growth in popularity of the Agricultural college will find it partly in the general awakening to the importance of agriculture as a fundamental vocation and partly in the effective work the college itself has done in the establishment of new agricultural standards.

Missouri Chief Josephine and her six noted stablemates, with records of from 600 to over 700 pounds of marketable butter annually, all of them bred at the college farm, have attracted widespread attention. On some of its outlying farms the experiment station has succeeded in increasing the yield of clover from one-half to two tons per acre by proper soil management, and in Southwest Missouri it has been shown that corn may be increased twenty bushels per acre and wheat twelve. The horticultural department has discovered methods of pruning peach trees so as to produce two additional crops in eight years. The veterinary department has sent out information and given direct help to hundreds of hog raisers throughout the state, as a result of which it has been estimated that the farmers of Missouri have saved \$500,000 in a single year. It will be remembered, too, that at the 1910 international live stock show the Missouri college had the highest scoring student stock judging team that has ever judged at Chicago in the eleven years that these contests have been held.

In ways similar to these the Missouri college has come to be regarded with favor by the farming and other business interests of the state, and young men who, eight or ten years ago, would have taken up the study of law, medicine or engineering, are now enrolling for work in agriculture.

Brought Baby to Doctor.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Monroe and baby daughter, Mary Elizabeth, of Hopkins came to Maryville Sunday. Mrs. Monroe and baby will remain in the city this week, while the baby receives treatment from an osteopathic physician.

Miss Cecil Benight of St. Joseph arrived in the city for a two weeks' visit as the guest of Miss Helen Ford and Miss Elise Jackson.

Decorative Plants

of all kinds. Choice cut gladioli, asters and roses. We deliver all orders, carefully packed.

ENGELMANN GREENHOUSES.
1201 South Main Street.
Hanamo 17 1-S, Bell 126.

Coal! Coal!

On deck again at the old stand, corner 5th and Main.

And I am ready to book your order for coal of any kind, from a wagon load to car load and want to figure with you for your winter's coal. Get my prices before you buy.

Peter Mergen

ADMIRAL VON TIRPITZ.

Marine Minister Who Would Direct German Navy in Event of War.



SAYS RECIPROCITY IS NO INNOVATION

Canadian Premier Fires Opening Gun in Campaign.

Ottawa, July 31.—The opening gun in the campaign which will determine the fate of the reciprocity pact between the United States and Canada was fired by the Liberal leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. It was in the form of an open address to the Canadian people, and in it is set forth the issues involved in the present campaign.

The question now at issue is not a new one, Sir Wilfrid states, reciprocal terms with the United States having been sought by both countries for over half a century. The Conservative party, he said, is seeking to reverse this life-long policy of its leaders of the past. The enactment of the agreement, the premier predicts, would further improve the friendly relations existing between Great Britain, Canada and the United States, and would be an important factor in bringing about a general treaty of arbitration.

WAR CLOUD HAS PASSED

German Bluff Called on Moroccan Question, Is Opinion of English.

London, July 31.—The Moroccan crisis is practically ended. At least this is the opinion of the English public, although the foreign office is careful to point out that the negotiations are not simple and may drag on for months. While greatly relieved at the situation, even seriously minded Britishers, in discussing the crisis, are invariably of the opinion that as war with Germany seems probable, it would be far better for England if it came now than later, when the German navy will have been strengthened, and also that England would better come to blows with Germany over Morocco or some question in which France is interested than on a question in which England and Germany alone are concerned.

In the former case England would be assured of the assistance of France, while in the latter France might, without dishonor, offer sympathy, but stand aside when it came to a fight. Germany, according to the English view, is making a bluff, which is being promptly called, and it is now preparing to withdraw.

Admiral Togo on Way to United States

London, July 31.—Admiral Count Togo was given a popular farewell at the railway station as he left for Liverpool to sail on the Lusitania for New York. In the great crowd gathered for a final glimpse of the naval hero was a large party of school boys and girls. The members of the Japanese embassy and representatives of the British admiralty were there in their official capacities. Admiral Togo will remain in the United States until October.

Forest Fires Still Stubborn.

San Bernardino, Cal., July 31.—Successfully resisting an augmented force of men, the forest fire now burning in the San Bernardino mountains is proving itself most stubborn. Fifty additional men with fresh supplies and new tools were sent out, but despite this the flames are now eating their way into Cold Water canyon. The mountain resorts are still in danger.

Woman Faints at Film Drama.

Kansas City, July 31.—Seeing the parallel of her own domestic tragedy portrayed on a moving picture film, Mrs. Rebecca Miller fell in a faint in a 5-cent theater and for more than an hour was unconscious. She was taken to her home in Independence and is now dangerously ill from the shock. Mrs. Miller's husband deserted her several months ago.

PREPARING FOR NEXT LAND RUSH

More Than 800,000 Acres Ready for Entry in Dakotas.

CUT INTO 160 ACRE FARMS.

Government Tracts to Be Sold for 25 Cents to \$6 an Acre on Long Time. Judge Written to Conduct Openings. Railroads Prepare for Crush.

St. Paul, July 31.—Extensive preparations are made by some big western railroad systems for handling the throngs of land seekers expected to be attracted northwest in the next two or three months by the opening of lands to settlement under the government homestead laws.

Two of these openings, including opportunities for homestead entry on over three-quarters of a million acres of land in North and South Dakota, are scheduled for the immediate future.

The first of these is that in which the Great Northern is especially interested, the opening for settlement of the Fort Berthold Indian reservation in North Dakota in accordance with a proclamation issued by President Taft. The registration will begin Aug. 14 at Minot, N. D.

In this case the land subject to homestead entry will approximate 342,000, and has been appraised at prices ranging from \$1.50 to \$6 an acre. The land in the reservation comprises some of the choicest in North Dakota, in the northwestern part of McLean county, just south of the Great Northern's transcontinental line. In addition to the usual homestead filing fees the homesteader will have to pay the appraised value of the tract which he picks out, from \$1.50 to \$6 per acre.

466,562 Acres on Northwestern.

Shortly afterward 466,562 acres of government farm lands are to be opened to settlement in the Pine Ridge and Rosebud Indian reservations, South Dakota. There are approximately 3,000 farms of 160 acres each. The Chicago and Northwestern railway is especially interested, as it has a direct line to the points of registration, Gregory, Dallas and Rapid City, and it is, therefore, making low rates for the occasion. The registration must be made between Oct. 2 and Oct. 21.

These lands have been classified and appraised by the government and a price of from 25 cents to \$6 an acre has been established, payment whereof is divided into annual installments covering a period of five years.

Any person desiring to make homestead entry on any of these lands must go in person to one of the registration points named by the government, there appearing between Oct. 2 and 21 to swear to and present application for registration.

Judge J. W. Witten, who has presided over government land openings for many years, will act as superintendent of the drawing. All applicants for registration must reach the registration points not later than midnight of Oct. 21 and the drawing will take place at Gregory on Oct. 24.

CRUISER NIOBE FLOATED

Vessel Was Impaled on Rocks Off Cape Sable For Five Hours.

Halifax, July 31.—The protected Cruiser Niobe, flagship of the Canadian navy, was saved after being impaled for five hours on the southwest ledges of Cape Sable. Her hull was pierced in several places, the starboard engine room swamped with water and other compartments flooded. No lives were lost.

The first to reach the side of the disabled cruiser was the United States revenue cutter, Androscoogin, which was cruising in the vicinity. The Niobe's wireless call for help was picked up by the Androscoogin, which promptly flashed back that she would stand by to help and would do all within her power. Through a dense fog and heavy sea, which is believed to have been the cause of the Niobe's accident, the Androscoogin rushed, and was standing by the Canadian cruiser when the Canadian government's tug, Lady Laurier and Stanley, which had been sent to the scene, arrived from St. John. The Niobe, however, found that she was able to take care of herself. Although water was pouring in to several compartments, her pumps kept her fairly clear, and Commander McDonald of the cruiser, expressing his thanks to the American cutter for her help, proceeded to a safe harbor, conveyed only by the tug.

INCENDIARY FIRE AT DUBUQUE

Two Hundred Thousand Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed.

Dubuque, Ia., July 31.—Fire of incendiary origin destroyed property valued at \$200,000, as follows: Spahn & Rose Lumber company, \$50,000; Winecke-Hoer Canning company, \$40,000; Kretschmer Manufacturing company, \$100,000.

Heat Wave Hits Germany.

Dusseldorf, Germany, July 31.—Intense suffering has been caused by the heat in this district. The deaths number nineteen from that cause. Fourteen persons have been drowned while bathing.

Boost Missouri.

To boost to the fullest extent the resources of Missouri is to be one of the leading activities of the state federation of Commercial clubs, which was organized in Hannibal a month ago. In doing this the federation will seek to impress upon the American public two things, first, that the older states should realize the boundless agricultural opportunities of Missouri and that, quality considered, Missouri farm lands are the cheapest in the Union today; secondly, that the manufacturing world should realize that nowhere else is there so fertile a field of conquest for new industrial enterprises.

William Hirth of Columbia, chairman of the new organization, has written a number of letters to secretaries of commercial organizations, representative railroad officials and others in an effort to secure co-operation in advertising Missouri to the world. He says he wants his organization to accomplish some real good for the state—not to content itself with semi-annual or annual banquets and social functions, at which the chief business will be framing resolutions to give to the newspapers. The organization, he says, is to be a live one.

Mr. Hirth believes that if Missouri's agricultural opportunities were impressed fully upon some of the residents of older land states it would result in the near future in the greatest influx of land buyers any state ever has known. The chief reason Missouri is not so well known, Mr. Hirth believes, is because the people of the state never have realized themselves the state's resources and natural richness and adaptability sufficiently to impress these facts upon others.

Missouri is the greatest poultry state in the Union, her poultry products amounting to \$50,000,000 annually, and yet Mr. Hirth says there isn't an incubator of any size made in the entire state. The Missouri farmer is forced to go to Iowa, Nebraska or Illinois for his poultry supplies. More than \$100,000,000 worth of surplus corn is raised in the state every year, and still Missouri farmers are forced to pay a toll of millions to the manufacturers of other states for their farming implements.

"From an industrial standpoint, the splendid inland towns of Missouri present even a sadder spectacle," Mr. Hirth says. "We have no smokestacks, no dinner bucket brigades as have towns of Illinois, Indiana and even young Oklahoma. This is true despite the fact that Missouri has thousands of acres of rich, undeveloped coal fields as well as water possibilities in the Ozarks and elsewhere sufficient to drive the engines of a half dozen states."

Mr. Hirth makes a strong appeal to the railroads to join forces with his organization. It is essential to this movement, Mr. Hirth says, that the railroads get solidly behind in a material and moral way and help it get firmly upon its feet.

"Anything which builds up Missouri builds up its railroads," is the way Mr. Hirth argues. "A higher agricultural development and more factories means more tonnage. Not only is it a chance for the railroads to help bring a new power for progress into existence in this great state, but the joining of hands all around for a greater Missouri means friendlier relations and a better mutual understanding between the railroads and the public."

Mrs. L. C. Gooden and niece, Miss Elma Martin of Parnell came over Friday night and visited with their cousins, W. W. Jones and family and Mrs. Ada H. Jones and family, and her uncle, Cooper Gooden, and family. They will return Tuesday.

S. E. Browne and Edward Gooden of Hopkins were transacting business in the city Monday.

H. A. Boedeker and daughter, Miss Anna, of near Ravenwood were in the city Monday.

Miss Fidelia Jones, of St. Joseph, spent Sunday in the city.

Fine watch and jewelry repaired at Crane's.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Now is the time to place your order for winter coal while you get the benefit of price and quality.

Orders of Two Tons or More are as follows:

Iowa Lump, per ton.....	\$3.75
Illinois Lump, per ton.....	4.00
Illinois Nut, per ton.....	4.75
Illinois Lump, carload, F. O. B. Wabash, per ton	3.50

Have scales at Wabash and Burlington depots. On and after August 1 man at either depot to do weighing. Weight and quality guaranteed. Coal weighed over city scales if desired, free of charge.

Yours for Business,

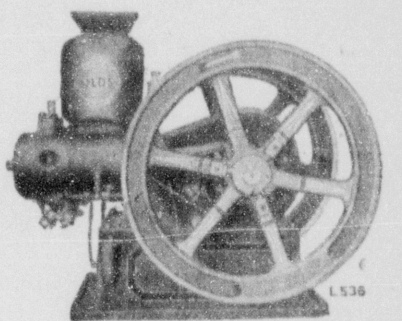
WM. EVERHART

Headquarters for OLDS GAS ENGINE.

You are urged to investigate the merits of the Olds Gas Engine.

We have them from 1½ to 600 horse power and can be used to advantage in almost any kind of work, filling silos, for the cream separator, sheller or grinder, or wood saw. We put a guarantee on every engine that goes out of our place. We solicit your patronage.

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG.



(First insertion July 27, last Aug. 14.)

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION IN THE CITY OF MARYVILLE, NODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the provisions of ordinance No. 512, of the City of Maryville, Missouri, passed and approved by the board of aldermen of said city at a regular session, duly opened and held on the 22nd day of July, 1911, there will be held in said city, on Tuesday, August 15th, 1911, a special election for the purpose of submitting to the legal voters of said city a proposition to increase the indebtedness of said city in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), and to issue bonds of said city for said sum, as provided by the laws of the state of Missouri and the ordinances of said city, for the purpose of erecting and equipping a system of water works in said city of Maryville, and to purchase suitable grounds, within or without the city, upon which to erect said works, and to purchase a right of way to and from said works, and also a right of way for laying pipes, mains, and adjuncts thereto, buildings, standpipes, reservoirs and easements, and to purchase all machinery, appliances and materials necessary for the efficient construction of said water works and the equipping and furnishing the same, at a maximum cost and expenditure of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), as provided by said ordinance No. 512, of the city of Maryville, Missouri, passed and approved by board of aldermen of said city on the 22nd day of July, 1911.

The polling places for said special election shall be as follows:

First ward—City hall.
Second ward—Robey's garage.
Third ward—Gray's feed yard.
Fourth ward—Nodaway Manufacturing company's shop, 114 East Second street.

Tickets will be provided for said election in the following form:

"For increase of debt—Yes."
"For increase of debt—No."

The former of which shall be taken as a vote assenting to such increase of debt, and the latter as dissenting therefrom.

If the returns of said election shall show that two-thirds of the legal voters of said city voting at said special election so held shall have voted assent to the increase of debt as

herebefore set out, then the mayor and board of aldermen shall have the authority to cause said water works to be erected upon suitable grounds, within or without the city, to be acquired by donation, condemnation or purchase, and to purchase a right of way to and from said works, and also the right of way for laying pipes, mains and adjuncts thereto, buildings, standpipes, reservoirs and easements, and all materials and grounds necessary for the efficient construction of said water works, and to issue bonds to pay the cost thereof in the amount aforesaid, of such denomination, bearing such rate of interest and payable at such times as is provided by law; and also to provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest of such indebtedness as it falls due, and to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof at maturity.

A. S. ROBEY, Mayor.

Attest: L. C. GANN, City Clerk.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our sincere gratitude to all our friends who extended so many kindnesses and said so many kind things to us during our sorrow by the death of our dear daughter and sister, Laura. We are especially grateful to our neighbors and the Young Ladies' Mission Circle.

MRS. JAMES B. GATES.

MISS LILLIE GATES.

JOHN GATES.

Card of Thanks.

To all our kind neighbors and friends, and especially the kind Sisters at St. Francis hospital, we wish to extend our sincere thanks for your many acts of kindness during the illness and at the death of our beloved husband and father—Mrs. Clarence Charles and Sons.

Rev. Mother to Arkansas.

Rev. Mother John of St. Benedictine convent at Clyde left Monday morning for Armstrong Springs, Ark. She was accompanied as far as Kansas City by Sister Maura.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Look for this Diamond Brand. It is the only brand of pills that is sold in the United States. It is the only brand of pills that is sold in the United States. It is the only brand of pills that is sold in the United States.

Look for this Diamond Brand. It is the only brand of pills that is sold in the United States. It is the only brand of pills that is sold in the United States. It is the only brand of pills that is sold in the United States.

DRINK

Gay-Ola
IT'S BETTER

In Bottles, 5c

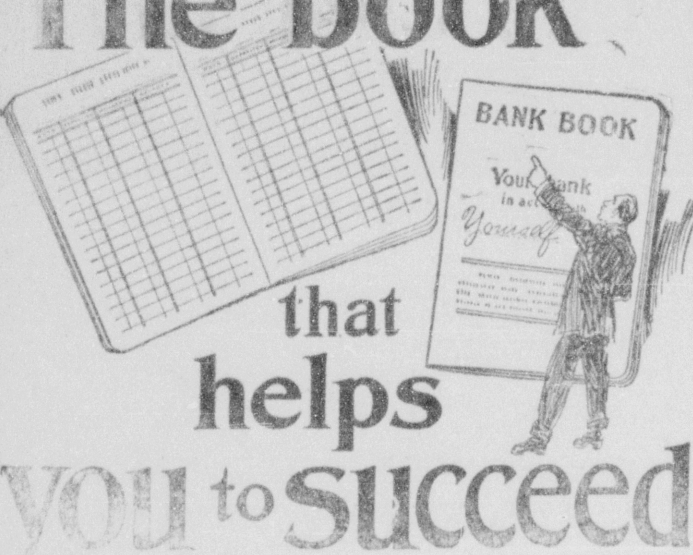
For sale by all first class fountains, bars and restaurants. Order a case for your home. They all like it.

The Banner Bottling Works, Mfrs.

Bell and Hanamo phones

Our Goods:—Seldom Equalled, Never Exceeded.

The book



that helps you to succeed

YOU do not need to be a scholar to get the greatest use from this book. Many an uneducated person is now enjoying all the best the world can give with its help.

A bank book will start you on the road to success. Come into this bank today and let us give you one.

NODAWAY VALLEY BANK
MARYVILLE, MISSOURI

CAPITAL \$100,000.00
SURPLUS \$22,000.00

HELPFUL WORDS

From a Maryville Citizen.

If your back lame and painful? Does it ache especially after exertion? Is there a soreness in the kidney region? These symptoms indicate weak kidneys! There is danger in delay. Weak kidneys fast get weaker. Give your trouble prompt attention. Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly. They strengthen weak kidneys. Read this Maryville testimony: Mrs. M. Lehr, 212 West Fifth street, Maryville, Mo., says: "I cannot say too much in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills. This excellent remedy promptly relieved me of backache and other symptoms of kidney trouble. During the several years that have since

passed I have had no return attack of my complaint. I consider Doan's Kidney Pills a specific for kidney disease."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Peter Mergen left for Omaha, Neb. Sunday for a several days' visit with relatives.

Miss Nellie Knappenberger of Boicewow, was the Sunday guest of her sister, Miss Lillis Knappenberger, a State Normal student.

Eastman Kodaks and supplies at Crane's.

Kane's Place

Liquors,
Wines,
Cigars

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.

Waukesha

"Club House"

The Beer of Quality

ADOLPH LIPPMAN
DISTRIBUTOR

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

AMERICAN WINS OUT IN PERSIA

Teheran Banks Stand by Treasurer General Shuster.

BELGIUM AND RUSSIA OBJECT.

Supported by Financial Institutions, Shuster is Able to Carry Out His Own Financial Policies in Spite of Opposition of Europeans.

London, July 31.—W. Morgan Shuster, the American who recently took the post of treasurer general of the Persian government, has already had opportunities to learn much of politics and business under a weak Oriental government pulled and pushed about by the intrigues and threats of European diplomats. His first troubles have been with one of the most powerful chiefs of the government and with the Russian and Belgian interests, which combined to break his power. Thus far the American has more than held his own.

Reports have come to London from agents of British houses in Teheran which give an interesting story of the unsuccessful stand the Russian minister, M. Poklevski, and the Belgian director general of customs, M. Mornard, made against Mr. Shuster and the national council. The council passed a law on June 13 investing the treasurer general with the control of all revenues and the sole power to sign checks on government funds.

M. Mornard previously had drawn checks on the customs funds. He refused to recognize the new law and claimed that he still had that power. Checks which he signed were refused by the Imperial Bank of Persia, which is an English corporation handling a large part of the government funds. These checks were for salaries of customs employees. Mr. Shuster issued duplicates which the bank honored. This brought matters to a crisis.

Would Withdraw Employees.

The Belgian legation announced to the Persian government that it would not permit the Belgian employees of the customs, who form a large proportion of the force, to serve under Mr. Shuster if the law was to be carried out. The Russian minister went further and declared emphatically that he would introduce Russians to administer the customs before he would submit to Mr. Shuster's single handed control.

Several foreign obligations, including the interest on foreign loans, mortgagization, the payment of the Cossack brigade and the pension of the deposed shah were a charge on the customs of the north. The Russian and Belgian diplomats took the stand that these interests were imperilled by Mr. Shuster's administration and also denied the power of the national council to pass such a law as that of June 13. Mr. Shuster thereupon gave written notice to the Imperial bank and the Russian bank that no disbursements would be made from the customs receipts until all liens upon them had been paid.

Bankers Stand by Shuster.

All of the banks supported Mr. Shuster, and the council, which has supported him enthusiastically since his arrival, stood by him also. The cabinet was frightened by the Russian minister's threat and wavered for some time. After a week's argument the treasurer general prevailed upon the minister of foreign affairs to call upon Mornard to comply with the law.

Then the opposition collapsed. In the presence of the cabinet and of Mr. Shuster, the Belgian director general of customs gave a formal undertaking to accept the law and he and Mr. Shuster parted on good terms. It was understood in Teheran that before Mr. Shuster left Washington the Russian ambassador there assured him Russia would not oppose his financial reforms.

AMERICANS MADE PRISONERS

Socialists Raid Cuervo Ranch in Mexico, and Fight Takes Place at Carrizo.

El Paso, Tex., July 31.—Authentic information was received here that fifty Socialists raided the Cuervo ranch, in Mexico, taking everyone, including five Americans, prisoners. The Socialists were followed by thirty-five Maderist soldiers and fighting took place at the Carrizo ranch, but the result is unknown.

Among the captured Americans are Anne Cressy, A. V. Mayes and James Edmonston. Grover Stephens, a cowboy, was also captured, but escaped.

Meat Question Is Discussed.

Vienna, July 31.—The closing session of parliament was devoted to a discussion of the meat question. Premier Frankenthurn made an emphatic declaration that the government would never consent to proposals to open the frontiers for the importation of foreign meat nor permit the country to be dependent upon the American meat trust.

To Acquire Old Washington Home.

London, July 31.—The idea of acquiring Sulgrave manor, in Northamptonshire, the ancestral home of George Washington, as a memorial to the 100 years' peace, has awakened great interest in England and steps already have been taken to raise funds for that purpose.

STEEL MAGNATES WILL BE HEARD

Committee Wants to Hear Story From Morgan Himself.

SUBPOENA SOON FOR SCHWAB

Chairman Visits Washington and Receives Reports From Agents of Committee at Work on Features of Investigation Yet to Be Developed.

New York, July 31.—The house of representatives committee of inquiry into the United States Steel corporation is now very desirous of hearing personally from J. Pierpont Morgan with regard to the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company by the steel corporation in 1907. This was made known here at the committee headquarters.

That a subpoena will be issued within a few days for Charles M. Schwab, former president of the United States Steel corporation, also was revealed. Mr. Schwab has just returned from Europe.

Since so many important witnesses have defended Mr. Morgan for his part in the negotiations which led to the consummation of the Tennessee company's acquisition by the steel corporation, the desire of Representative Stanley, chairman, and other members of the committee has increased. Louis Cass Ledyard, attorney for Oliver Payne, strongly defended Mr. Morgan before the committee and denounced suggestions that a conspiracy existed at the time. Mr. Ledyard also intimated in his testimony that an effort was being made in the investigation to manufacture political capital.

Would Hear Morgan's Defense.

"The best man to defend J. Pierpont Morgan for his part in the Tennessee Coal and Iron transaction," said Chairman Stanley, "is Mr. Morgan himself. I sincerely hope that Mr. Morgan's engagements in Europe will not deter him from appearing before this committee ere the investigation is concluded. Mr. Morgan's own story of that transaction and the momentous events at the time of that financial panic and the effect of the steel stock transfer in the midst of it, are certain to be of great value."

That the great New York financier will be subpoenaed to appear before the committee when he returns there now seems little doubt.

Mr. Schwab will be examined particularly about steel prices and the steel corporation's power in steadying the market prices of steel products throughout the country. Mr. Schwab will be a willing witness, the members of the committee and representatives of the steel corporation say.

Stanley Visits Washington.

Chairman Stanley made a flying trip to Washington and received reports from agents of the committee at work there on features of the investigation yet to be developed. He also learned there of the resolution introduced in the house by Representative Roberts of Nevada urging that a committee of inquiry into the house investigating committee be appointed. On this the steel committee chairman would make no comment except to say that he constant work he is doing in attempting to probe the affairs of the United States Steel corporation thoroughly he would let stand for itself.

Grant F. Schley, former manager of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company syndicate and a member of the brokerage firm of Moore & Schley, which is declared to have been saved from a financial crash when the steel corporation took over the Tennessee company, has been subpoenaed to appear before the committee tomorrow.

WILL APPEAL HARRIMAN CASE

Government Expects to Secure Reversal of Merger Decision.

Washington, July 31.—The government will appeal to the supreme court the Harriman merger suit, which was decided in favor of the railroads by the United States circuit court at St. Louis.

Attorney General Wickensham directed C. A. Severance, the government's special counsel in the case, to prepare the appeal on file as quickly as possible.

Although the government has a year in which to perfect its action to the highest court, the department of justice intends to hurry the suit.

Opinions have been expressed in some quarters that the government's appeal would be only routine matter to have the questions involved decided by the highest court. At the department of justice, however, it is said the government is appealing the case in the hope of winning it. Mr. Severance has reported to the attorney general that he believes the government has a good chance.

Burman Lowers Mile Record for Autos

Philadelphia, July 31.—Bob Burman, in an exhibition mile with his Blitzen Benz, lowered the Point Breeze track record of 59.35 seconds by making the circuit in 58.45. The record was made by Barney Oldfield.

Fifty Hurt in Trolley Crash.

Detroit, July 31.—Fifty persons were injured, some of them fatally, in a collision between two interurban electric cars on the Detroit Union lines at Dearborn, ten miles west of here. Motorman L. Hamilton was killed.

WANTS

Advertisements are inserted in this column at the rate of three lines (18 words) three days for 25 cents. For ads larger than three lines one cent extra will be charged for each word in excess of 18. Cash must accompany order for these small amounts.

FOR SALE—408 acres of fine land at only \$25.00 per acre, and a fine fruit farm (4,000 trees) for \$100 per acre.

R. L. McDUGAL,
Abstracts of Title, Ins. and Loans.

"For Sale," "For Rent" and "Rooms for Rent" cards at this office, only 10 cents each.

FOR RENT—After July 1st, good store building, South Main street. See J. F. Roelofson. 3-1f

PIANO BARGAIN—We have a practically new piano procured from the Maryville Publishing company, taken in part settlement for another instrument. In order to save further expense we will sell very cheap for cash or payments as low as \$6.00 per month. For particulars write Olney Music Co., St. Joseph, Mo. 28-d&w-tf

WANTED—Dining room girl. Good wages. The Linville. 1f

FOR SALE—Large fireproof safe, cheap. Charles Hyslop. 10-1f

FOR RENT—4-room cottage at 504 South Buchanan. Good basement, well and city water. Inquire T. L. Wadley. 29-1

NOTICE—If party who took box of gold sure fit cable temples from my office will return same there will be no trouble and no questions. Dr. DuVall. 29-1

RAVENWOOD.

The eastern part of Nodaway county had another fine rain the early part of Friday night. It is estimated from two to two and a half inches. It rained hard for an hour. At one time a few hail fell, but not enough to do any damage. Our farmers all have a long smile on their faces, and well they may, as the rain will be a great benefit to the corn crop and will improve the pastures very much, and will not delay threshing more than one day unless followed by more at once.

Saturday was the third sale day during the season in Ravenwood, and our merchants had a large crowd and a good business.

A. G. Bentley and daughter, Nellie, and Fay Casteel and wife returned from their western trip Thursday night. Mrs. Bentley and son Gaylord will visit a few days with their daughter at Julesburg, Col.

Miss Nellie Sims is teacher of the Baragon Sunday school class at the Methodist church in Ravenwood. The young men gave her a birthday surprise Wednesday evening. Each young man brought his best girl and all together made the party number twenty-five. I give this odd number as the pastor was present without his wife. Ice cream and other light refreshments were served at 11 o'clock. When the crowd broke up this scribe kneweth not.

Mt. Ayr Neighborhood.

There will be an ice cream social at Mt. Ayr church next week. The time or night has not been decided on at this time.

The Sunday school hour has been changed from 2 p. m. to 10 a. m. at Mt. Ayr.

Mrs. Ira Moore of Portland, Ore., and Mrs. Stauble of Maryville were dinner guests at the home of W. L. Marsh, east of town, on Thursday. Mrs. Moore will leave for her home at Portland August 1.

Visiting in Iowa.

Mrs. Thomas Peniston and daughter, Thelma, went to Pleasanton, Ia., Saturday to visit relatives for a few days.

Latest stationery for correspondence at Crane's.

GRANDMOTHERS' BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Color and Beauty of the Hair Preserved with a Harmless Remedy Made from Sage.

Druggists everywhere comment on the fact that they are selling large quantities of sage for making old-fashioned "sage tea," such as was used by our grandmothers for promoting the growth of their hair, making it fluffy and beautiful and restoring its natural color.

The demand for this well-known herb for this purpose has been so great that one manufacturer has taken advantage of the fact and has placed on the market an "Old Sage Tea" containing sulphur, a valuable remedy for dandruff and scalp rashes and irritations, called "Witch's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy."

The manufacturers of this remedy authorize druggists to sell it under guarantee that the money will be refunded if it fails to do exactly as represented.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists. Special Agent, Koch Pharmacy.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

B. R. Martin's Law Office.

I have opened a law office in the J. B. Robinson building, first stairway north of the Nodaway Valley bank, where I can be found Saturday of each week. Will come any time by appointment. B. R. MARTIN, Maryville, Mo.

K. C. CUMMINS, M. D.,

SURGERY and GENERAL PRACTICE
Office over First National Bank.
Calls answered promptly day or night. All phones.

F. R. Anthony, M. D.

Specialist.
Practice limited to diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and general consultation. All 'phones. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.

THE "UNIQUE"

First class clothes cleaning and repairing shop. Phones, Hanamo 402, 115½ South Main.

H. J. BECKER, Proprietor.

Chas. E. Stilwell.

Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Office over Maryville National Bank, Maryville, Mo.

DR. G. H. LEACH,

Deputy State Veterinarian and Stock Inspector.
Office, Star Barn. All phones.

CLINE & MORGAN,

Graduate and Registered
VETERINARY SURGEONS AND
DENTISTS.
Office at Gray's feed barn. Phones Hanamo 93, Farmers 152.

BUSINESS CARDS

I. J. WALKER

Electrical Wiring, Fixtures, Supplies
Bell phone 91 120½ West 3rd st.

FRANK MARTIN & SON,

PLUMBING AND HEATING.
We Solicit Your Business.
All phones. Maryville, Mo.

J. L. FISHER

Repairing Guns, Bicycles, Gas Engines and Automobiles.
Robey's Garage, 115 West Fourth St.

F. S. GRUNDY,

PLUMBING AND HEATING.
We Never Sleep.
Hanamo 46, Bell 314. Maryville, Mo.

Van Steenberg & Son

Dry Cleaning, Pressing
Phone Hanamo 279

Genius.

"How far back can you remember?"
"I can remember learning to spell 'cat'; I was only 3."
"Pshaw! Why, my first memory is writing a letter to a correspondence school for lessons in walking."—Toledo Blade.

Returned from Denver.

R. L. McDougal returned from Denver, Col., Saturday evening, where he had been called on the account of the death of his aged father, who was 79 years old.

Kansas Stock and Grain Farm for sale.

320 acres, 6 room house, barn, granary, orchard, living water; located 6 miles south of Newton, on the Santa Fe R. R. and 9 miles west of Whitewater on the Rock Island R. R. 160 acres in crop, balance pasture and meadows. Price \$62.50 per acre. Terms to suit purchaser. See or write for better description, J. H. Wacker, owner, 501 South-east Third st., Newton, Kas.

AMERICAN FENCE

Campbell & Clark